

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 23.

VICTORIA B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1896.

No. 88

NEW LEATHER BELTS

With Sterling Silver Buckles
And Trimmings
At...

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.'s,

THE JEWELLERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

A Confidence Game...

That's all it is—a "Public Confidence" game. Win "Public Confidence" and trade trends on its heels. We gained the confidence of buyers many years ago, and we have it still, and guard it closely. We advertise because we would largely increase our already extensive business. All do not know our business characteristics, nor the pecuniary advantage to be derived from trading with us. We state everything in truth, and all persons favoring us with their patronage can do so with the assurance of our desire to give the greatest satisfaction in styles, quality and price.

Wrinkled Loveliness! Crinkled Prettiness!
Puckered Beauty! Knotty Elegance!

Of course, every lady whose eye catches this heading will know that it leads us to Crepons. Could any fabric ever prescribed by fashion be described in the same way. They're very odd; they're also nice and new. A large stock of fancy colored and plain to select from. 25c. to 40c. per yard.

Wash Fabrics, Percales,
Teazle Down, Crepe Llamas.

Of course, in white goods we have the very best for the money. Nainsooks and Lawns from 12½ cts., India Linens, Victoria Lawns, Dainties and Swiss, from 10 cts. per yard. These fabrics, for interlining, good as the best, 15 cts. per yard. Haircloth and imitation Haircloth, at 15c., 25c., and 35c., Crinolines 10c., Wigan 10c., Imperial Nilesia, worth 25c., now 20c., Silkline 15c., and 20c., Sateen 12½c. and 15c.

The Westside.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

June 11, 1896.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,

100 Government Street.

Fire Agency—

Marine Agency—

Life and Accident—

Railway Agents—

Steamship Agents—

Coal Office—

The Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. Losses settled without reference to Head or other branch office.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, Lloyd's Underwriters, London.

The Traveler's Insurance Company.

The Union Pacific Railway Co.'s.

Atlantic Steamship Lines. Berths reserved by wire. Orders from Europe issued at lowest rates.

THE WELLINGTON COAL YARD.
Best Wellington Household, Nut, and Co. steam and blacksmith coal, constantly on hand, delivered in quantities to suit.

Reports on Mines

We are in a position to give clients the following for the prices set opposite:
Report on the value of a prospect, including maps and abstract of title. \$50 00
Report on the value of a developed mine, including maps and abstract of title. 100 00
Special report on the value of the stock of any incorporated company in Trail or incorporated company in Trail. 25 00
General information free to clients.
FOR SALE—
Iron Mine, Virginia, Gertrude, War Eagle, Alberta, Consolidated, Silver, St. Elmo, Evening Star, Nest Egg, Freeburn, High Ore.
SPECIAL—Jules, O. K., Monte Christo and Foreman in large or small parcels. For all particulars, information and maps, call upon:
H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
Stock Brokers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE TYROLEAN CLUB will give a social again next Saturday, 13th, at 8.30. Ladies free, gentlemen 25c. JUL 11.

LOST—Small dog, black and tan, with white on throat and feet; wears collar with lock. Finder will please leave at 50 Douglas street.

WANTED—A good second-hand washing machine. Apply "L. N." Times office.

WINNIE DAN ING ACADEMY is closed until October 1st.

ROOF PAINT—\$1 per gallon at Mello's.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE—2000 George at \$3; 1000 Good Hope at \$2; Iron Mine at \$1; bargain; Foreman at \$1; map prices. A. W. Moss & Co., Mining Brokers, 70 Douglas street.

PAINT your buggy for \$1 with Mello's carriage paint.

DON'T FORGET that we don't learn at your expense. Key fitting and lock repairs in any part of the city on shortest notice. The only practical locksmith in the city. 55 Fort St., opposite Walker's. J. Walker.

MELLO'S bath tub enamel for baths. Mello's carriage paint for buggies or bicycles.

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL at lowest market prices. Full weight guaranteed. Only white labor employed. Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Diard. Yard at foot of Johnson street.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Diard.

MELLO'S pure mixed paint, \$1.50 per imperial gallon.

NOTICE.

All persons desirous of assisting in the Liberal interest in the present election are requested to report to the chairman or some member of the District Committee for the district in which they are registered as voters.

Dominion Election.

Opposition Committee No. 4.

Will meet at Committee Rooms, 112 North Park street, TO-MORROW EVENING at 8 o'clock.

Dominion Election

Dr. G. L. Milne and
Mr. Wm. Templeman,

The Opposition Candidates, will address the electors of Victoria Electoral District at

Temperance Hall, Esquimalt,
ON.

Friday Evening, June 12th.
Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

Furniture on view Thursday from 2 to 4 p.m.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER.

Has received instructions to sell at the residence of Mrs. Anderson.

No. 52 RAE STREET.

To-Morrow,

AT 4 P.M.

HOUSEHOLD

FURNITURE

COMPRISING

PARLOR—Upright piano, 7 octaves (A. B. Ford, Paris), black walnut desk, black walnut marble-top walnut (plate glass back), black walnut parlor suite, engravings, curtains, etc., etc.

HALL—Hat stand, tables, carpets, lamp.

SEWING-ROOM—Sewing machine, carpets, lounge, table, looking glass, engravings.

DINING-ROOM—Extension table, side board, chairs, table, China tea sets, glassware, plated ware, crystal chandelier, carved marble stand, vases and ornaments, Bollen's glassware, decanters, berry dishes and bowl.

REAR-ROOM—Bedroom suite, single and double beds, dresser, wardrobe, the linen press, mattress, feather pillows, bolsters, quilts, blankets, crockery, porcelain, pictures, etc.

BOOKCASE AND CONTENTS—Among which will be found Gleanings of Health, Thompson's Materia Medica, Essays by Macaulay, Carlyle, Alison, etc., Smith, Cyclopaedia of Anecdotes, Shakespeare's Campaigns of a Hundred Years, History of the Royal Navy, Napier's Campaigns, War, 100 Years Progress of the United States, etc.

KITCHEN—Stove, sink, crockery, crockery, lamp.

OUTSIDE—Wood and back garden tools, etc.

TERMS CASH. JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

TAMILKANDE TEA

Selected from the
crack gardens of
Ceylon, Darjeeling
and China.

Blended by machinery.

In Lead Packages and 5lb. Cake Boxes

Tamilkande Tea Co., 18 St. Maurice Street, Montreal.

SIMON LEISER & CO., Agents, Victoria.

AROMA.
FLAVOR.
PURITY.
STRENGTH.
—TWO CUPS IN ONE.

WILL FIGHT TILL DEATH

Any Form of Protection in Britain—
That is the View of the Great
Liberal Party.

Who Do Not Desire to Witness a
Reurrence of the Dreadful
Bread Riots.

Beligent Delegates Denounced—
Third Day's Proceedings
of the Congress.

London, June 11.—Last night in a
speech at Reading, Mr. Henry Asquith,
late Liberal home secretary, took up the
gauntlet thrown down by Mr. Chamberlain
in his remarks regarding the insurrection
of a soldier in the first day's congress of the
colonial chamber of commerce.

Mr. Asquith declared that it was evident
that Britain was on the threshold
of a tariff contest, and further said that the
Liberal party would fight to the
death any form of protection. He said
he was surprised that the congress had
revealed such a determination of the
colonies, Canada especially, to insist on
some form of a mutually protective tariff
as a price of continued union with the
mother country, and he was further
indignant at the outburst against the
United States on the part of the Canadians,
which were features of yesterday's proceedings
of the congress. The remarks of
Frank Arnold, Q.C., of Toronto,
were vehement in the extreme. He said
that though the idea was scoffed at in
England, it is true that a possibility exists
of the States trying to absorb Canada
and accomplish it by force.

The third sitting of the congress opened
at 10 o'clock this morning, under the
presidency of Sir Andrew Kaye Hollett.

The resolution of the Aberdeen chamber
of commerce regarding codification of
the commercial law of the empire, as
moved by Prof. Dove Wilson, was adopted.

The resolution of the London chamber
of commerce regarding the copyright
question, was moved by Mr. P. R. Day.

It is to the effect that the copyright
law be uniform throughout the empire.
Sir Samuel Montagu, M.P., on behalf
of the London chamber of commerce,
then presented a motion in favor of uniform
procedure in bills of exchange, as follows:
"That in the opinion of this congress
the laws relating to bills of exchange
should be made uniform in the
British empire, also that uniformity
with the laws of continental powers
should, whenever practicable, be established
internationally." The matter was
adopted.

Sir John Lubbock, Bart., M.P., in behalf
of the London chamber of commerce,
moved the following resolution in regard
to arbitration of international disputes:
"That in the opinion of this congress
the present gigantic expenditure on
military preparations imposes an
intolerable burden on the national resources;
that the settlement of international
differences by force of arms is
barbarous and unworthy of civilized
nations; and that differences or disputes
arising between different governments,
which can be adjusted by diplomatic
agency, should as far as possible be
referred to arbitration." This resolution
called forth an animated discussion
and was finally amended and adopted.

The congress adopted the imperial
postal union resolution of the Montreal
board of trade, moved by Mr. J. H.
Perrault.

BRITISH COLUMBIA WEATHER.

Fraser River is Safe For the Present
Season at Least.

Soda Creek, June 11.—The weather is
cloudy, cool and windy, with the river
about at a standstill.

Lillooet, B.C., June 11.—The weather
is calm and getting warmer; the river
is rising steadily.

Quesnelle, June 11.—The weather is
warm and cloudy, with the river about
at a standstill.

ROYAL Baking Powder.

Highest of all in leavening
strength.—U. S. Government Report

BEGINNING OF THE END

Sir Chas. Tupper is Having a Reputation of Premier Bowell's Experience

With "The Nest of Traitors"—M. Montague and Haggart Will at the Ontario Tour.

So the Old Man Goes Out Alone—
Ministers Must Look After
Their Own Seats.

Ottawa, June 11.—There is a big row
on between Sir Charles Tupper, Hon.
Dr. Montague and Mr. Haggart. Dr.
Montague was asked by the premier to
accompany him on his present Ontario
tour, but the Doctor refused to do so.
This was particularly on account of
Messrs. Haggart and Montague being
opposed to Sir Charles Tupper coming
into Ontario at all. Dr. Montague, instead
of going with Sir Charles Tupper,
lay up at the Russell house, and, as soon
as the premier got a day's start of
Dr. Montague, the latter left his
room at the Russell house last night and
proceeded to the West, where he goes
upon a campaign on his own account.

Before leaving he is said to have sent
the premier his resignation. The government
is again thoroughly demoralized and
each minister is trying to look after
his own constituency. If Mr.
Haggart stands to be defeated, Mr. Foster
was to have stumped Ontario, but his
own riding wants him. It is the same
case with Mr. Costigan and all of them.

It is learned to-day that when Sir
Charles Tupper sent for Mr. McVeigh
some time ago he offered to accept him
as a candidate in the city and Ottawa.
If he would vote in favor of the
correction bill. Mr. McVeigh refused to do so.
Now Sir Charles Tupper and his organs
are accusing him and his supporters of
being hoodlums and roughs.

Ottawa will return two anti-coercion
lists.

Dispatches to the Tory papers from
Winnipeg yesterday state that Winnipeg
will elect a co-realist, but the betting
here is in favor of Mr. Martin.

Outside the hoodlums and bishops, Sir
Charles has got very little support.

The militia department is arranging
for the resumption of the reconnaissance
work in the eastern townships, which
has been going on for the past two or
three summers. As usual, the cadets
of the Royal Military College will be
utilized for this survey work.

T. Noss, consul general for Japan at
Vancouver, who visited Ottawa last
winter, made application on behalf
of his government, to be supplied with
report of the different departments in
order that they may be forwarded to
Japan.

VOLNEY ASHFORD'S CASE

Is Creating No Little Excitement in the
Hawaiian Republic.

San Francisco, June 11.—Steamer
Australia, from Honolulu to-day,
brings confirmation of the news concerning
the demand for Great Britain that
Volney Ashford, of Port Hope, Canada,
be permitted to return to Hawaii. The
Hawaiian government was very much
excited over the report, but the news of
the little republic is pursuing a conservative
course in dealing with the matter.
The news of Britain's demand originated
in Washington, and was forwarded
in private correspondence to a
Hawaiian paper and several private
concerns. The situation is said to be that
Great Britain has made rather a sharp
demand upon this government on behalf
of Volney Ashford.

It is stated by the Honolulu Star that
British foreign office view of the case,
refuses to grant a pardon or remove the
ban, and adds that if Col. Ashford is
handed under British or other auspices
or protection the action will be at least
protected.

American News.

Washington, June 11.—The first
session of the 54th congress of the United
States concluded its labors at 4 p.m.
to-day.

Chicago, June 11.—Fire broke out last
night in Whiting, Ind., and in spite of
the efforts of the town fire company
and assistance from the Standard Oil
Company works, three lives were lost
and two frame structures consumed.
The dead are Mrs. John Homer, her son
aged two years and a daughter aged
four years.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Lang was reported to be slightly
better to-day.

A. H. B. Macpherson, of Vancouver, is
at the Grand.

J. E. Macneil returned last evening
from the Mainland.

Capt. C. P. Woolley returned from the
Mainland last evening.

John Khaman came over from Vancouver
last evening.

Mrs. E. J. Palmer and daughter returned
last evening from the Mainland.

R. J. Hawkey, who has been studying
medicine at the Philadelphia Medical
College, returned home last evening,
accompanied by Mrs. Hawkey.

A Glance Over



Our prices will convince you that we
are giving you the best value for your
money. Our prices will please and surprise
you and make purchasing doubly
easy. They are wise who make money
by spending it, and wise spenders will
find much profit in calling at our money
savers' headquarters.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

WALTER H. GIBSON

35 Pandora St., Victoria, B. C.
Circular, Pamphlet, and General Advertising
Distributors for Above and Below Billing
Companies. I refer by permission to the
Canada and United States Advertising
Agency, London, Canada.

Sun Life Insurance Company,
OF CANADA.

New Policies taken up in 1895, \$3,
894,002, nearly \$800,000 more than any
other Canadian company. Agents,
A. K. HARMAN & CO., 44 Grand St.

Minstrels.

Merchants having accounts against the
minstrel Minstrels, will please forward
them at once to Mr. F. B. Gregory.
Performers who have accounts for their
hire, etc., will please return bills to Band-
master F. B. Gregory, and send accounts to
F. B. Gregory.

Weeks & Wright

MINING BROKERS.
Rossland, B. C.

WHY THEY CHANGE

Montreal's City Treasurer Gives His Reasons for Supporting the Liberals.

The Tupper Trade and Manitoba School Policies do Not Suit His Views.

Montreal Herald: Mr. William Robb, city treasurer, was called upon yesterday by a Herald reporter and asked to give his opinion on the political situation of the day. He said: "I am neither Rouge nor Bleu. I know no party politically. I have always been and hope to remain free to vote for the best man that is brought out, whether he may have been classed among the Conservatives or the Liberals. Shibboleths which the knaves on both sides have conjured with to further their own interests are not the country's interests. I believe it to be the duty of every free patriot to cut himself adrift from the trammels of a partyism which flings him to associates at which all that is best in his nature must often revolt and which, in itself, is one of the greatest curses of the country. I feel that until men can raise above its thralldom sufficiently to reject the 'scallawags' who thrusts himself forward under the aegis of his 'party,' and support the patriot who may be the nominee of the other, that there is little hope for improvement in government."

"Moreover, I believe that an interference with trade, whether protective or restrictive, is pernicious, and will be followed by greater evils than they aim at averting. As regards the school question, which forms so prominent a factor in the present election, I have a profound conviction that the children of a nation should be educated indiscriminately in their scholastic training. In order to do this, I admit that religion should not enter into their curriculum. Nor is there any necessity that it should. The home, to my mind, and the Sunday school are the proper places for that, and the desecularization of the seventh day was instituted for the joint purpose of that higher education and physical rest."

"I do not say this merely with regard to the distinction between Roman Catholicism and Protestantism. It has equal force as between different branches of the latter. If distinctively sectarian doctrine were taught amongst them, there would be just as fierce opposition manifested as between the former, so strong is the power of early education amongst us all. The teaching of religion, however, and the recognition of the Deity are very different things. I am an ardent admirer of godless schools. A reverent acknowledgment of the overruling providence of God might well inaugurate the day's proceedings in a prayer to which none could take exception."

"Let the cardinal virtues be inculcated with the utmost care. Teach them to be just, righteous, merciful and considerate—above all things teach them to despise a lie. Educate them in those things which will keep them abreast of the times—fortify them against evils and snares—help them to know themselves—instill something of the physical, social and scientific world for which their education is popularly supposed to prepare them—even if it should be at the expense of some of the dead languages and still more useless fractions with which so much of their precious time is taken up to occupy the school hours of those who have to go early into the struggle of life with either one or the other when they are all too short for the rudiments of practical life, is little short of a crime."

"For these reasons my sympathies are with the men who would relieve the trade of the country from restrictions and remove causes of prejudice from the minds of the children."

"The pretence that the country would be thrown into chaos by the change from protection to free trade is mere vapouring. I am willing to believe that the protectionists are as sincere in their convictions and as patriotic as free traders, but not more so. I believe that men like Laurier, Macdonald, and Tupper, will be as careful in the undoing of an evil as others were zealous in creating it."

"Were I to consult my personal feelings only, my vote would be otherwise. My intimate friends are on the other side, and Dr. Roddick is a man whom it must pain a great many to refrain from assisting."

ANOTHER LAND MARK TAKEN
In the Death of Hon. D. A. Macdonald Which Took Place Yesterday.

Montreal, June 11.—Hon. D. A. Macdonald, ex-minister of the interior of Ontario, died yesterday afternoon. The deceased, who represented the county of Glengarry for many years in the house of commons, was a brother of the late John Sandfield Macdonald, and was postmaster-general in Hon. Alexander Mackenzie's cabinet.

Mr. James Perdue, an old soldier residing at Monroe, Mich., was severely afflicted with rheumatism, but received prompt relief from pain by using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "At times my back would ache so badly that I could hardly raise up. If I had not gotten relief I would not be here to write these few lines. Chamberlain's Pain Balm has done me a great deal of good and I feel very thankful for it." For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

American News.
Mexico, June 11.—Details of a cyclone which devastated the town of Tuxtepec, state of Jalisco, have just arrived. Three-fourths of the town were utterly destroyed. Thirteen bodies have been taken from under the mass of earth. More than thirty persons are missing, but it is expected that their bodies will be discovered under the debris. Everyone has been impoverished by the wholesale destruction.

OTTAWA LETTER

Ottawa, June 11.—Whenever the Tupperites see defeat staring them in the face they commence to scream in a desperate way about their loyalty and to roll themselves in the old flag. They take to the well-known refuge of all scoundrels. When the campaign in 1891 was found to be dead against them they discovered a plot that was going on to sell Canada to the United States by Editor Forster, who was the writer of their campaign literature, and who for many years was the chief political writer on the Toronto Mail and other government newspapers. They shrieked themselves hoarse over the old flag, while they steeped their arms up to their elbows in the treasury to procure food for themselves and their crew. They got returned by a small majority, and the first business that parliament had on hand was to expose the robberies that had been made from the public chest. The result of these exposures, which shocked Christendom, is well known. Ministers of the crown, members of parliament, civil servants, who were following the ways of their masters, were shown to be systematically engaged in the work of plunder. That was what the people got for believing the "poor back" stories of the old flag, the old policy and the old man. Canadians felt ashamed of their work, and so it was that last session of parliament it was found necessary to put on record the fact that Canada was loyal to the crown. Any one who ever again starts the silly story that the Dominion is a sheltering place for traitors and for annexationists, when they well know that it is a libel on the country, they deserve to be branded, and will be branded as infamous and willing to be despised to every lover of the confederation. Never again will any one be permitted to stampede this fair Dominion with the lying story in his month that one-half the people of Canada are disloyal to the crown. Should ever again an attempt be made the parties who do so ought to be summarily dealt with. Let any one who doubts about this matter read the resolution of Mr. McNeill, passed last session, and the great speeches of Messrs. Davies, Cartwright, Sutherland, McNeill and others upon the subject. The words of eloquence which fell from the great Liberal leader, Mr. Wilfrid Laurier, when endorsed by Mr. Foster and others, and once for all the libellers of Canada were told that there was no evidence of the lying stories which they concocted in their own interests so that they might go on robbing the public moneys of the country as they had done in the past.

It is five years this summer since a noble band of Liberal leaders exposed the robberies which were perpetrated by the Tory government against the Canadian taxpayer. One minister of the crown was dismissed by reason of his connection with this system of plunder. He is now a political wreck, but the usage have still to stand by lest he should suggest, and therefore he has been talked of as a minister of the crown once more. Sir Hector will have to find a resting place in the senate. Tom McGreevy was sent to jail, and because he threatened to give certain parties away he was allowed to escape after serving only three months of a very inadequate sentence. There were many others, including General and Arnold, who were convicted of wrong doing. While a salutary lesson was taught to all connected with the government at that time, the party and their satellites are now getting bolder, imagining that their record has been forgotten.

What do we now see? Mr. Thomas McGreevy is once more the government candidate in Quebec West, and Charles Rykert, who was virtually expelled from parliament, is again the candidate of the government in the county of Lincoln. Mr. Rykert was convicted by a parliamentary committee of wrongdoing in connection with a timber limit deal. There are other periods of the same stamp as McGreevy and Rykert, and the desire of getting back to parliament, now that the price of carmen has returned to politics with the expectation of capturing power once more by means of bribes. The outlook for Canada would be poor indeed should, through any apathy on the part of the electors, the Tupper government be sustained.

Already we have been assured that if the Tupper should succeed there will be added to the public expenditure of the country the expense of such works as the Chignecto marine railway, the Prince Edward Island tunnel, the bridge over the St. Lawrence at Quebec, etc., etc. Messrs. Macdonald and Tupper have a big claim against the Hudson Bay railway, and of course it will have to be constructed so as to get the eight paid. For years Mr. Dickson, minister of justice, was solicitor of the Chignecto railway scheme, and of course the Tupper being interested in it, it will have to be built. But the electors are not to be caught napping this time, for the information from all parts of Canada is that Mr. Laurier will be returned by a large majority, so that a reign of honest government will take the place of what would be a horrible rule. SLAUGHTER.

Mothers will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy especially valuable for their children. It will give prompt relief and is safe and pleasant. We have sold it for several years and it has never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction. G. W. Richards, Duquesne, Pa. Sold by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

THE MIKADO TRADE WANTED.
San Francisco Merchants Will Make a Strong Effort to Obtain It.

San Francisco, June 11.—An effort is being made by the merchants of San Francisco to secure a portion of the trade of Japan. Hitherto no special exertion has been made in this direction, but the reports that have been brought back by visitors to the Mikado's realm, notably Irving M. Scott and Robert V. Porter, and the statement made to the federal government by United States Minister Dunn, have served to enlighten the local merchants to the opportunities

Justly The Favorite

WITH
Readers
AND
Advertisers

...THE...
Daily Times

If you want all the news

...Read It...

If you want Business

Advertise In It

Residents in the Country who desire to
keep informed of the world's doings
should subscribe for the

Twice-a-Week Times.

The Times Printing & Publishing Co.

WM. TEMPLEMAN,

Manager.

Times Building, Broad St., Victoria.

they have overlooked. It is agreed that the adoption of Occidental manners and modes of life by the Japanese has created a corresponding demand for Occidental products and manufactures. The British were the first to realize this, and their enterprise has given them a hold upon the markets of the empire that will be hard to loosen; but it is believed there are lines in which the English cannot compete with the Americans of the Pacific coast. This is especially true of California fruits, dried and canned, of leather and lumber.

The first step toward developing the Japanese trade was taken yesterday at the monthly meeting of the board of trustees of the chamber of commerce. A resolution was adopted declaring it the sense of the trustees that a joint meeting should be held with the directors of the board of trade for the purpose of formulating a plan looking to the appointment of a commercial commissioner to represent the products of the Pacific coast in Japan. In the informal discussion that led up to the adoption of the resolution it was agreed that \$4,000 should be raised among the merchants of San Francisco on the basis of 100 contributors, each to subscribe \$10. This sum, it was thought, would suffice to maintain a capable man in Yokohama for six or nine months at the end of which time the results would show the advisability of continuing the agency and making further provision.

If sick headache is misery, what are Chamberlain's Little Liver Pills for? They will positively cure it! People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Landlady—Would you advise me to send my daughter to a cooking school or to a music school? Boarder (reflectively)—Well, I think I'd send her to a cooking school. It may be more fatal in its results, but it isn't anything like so noisy.

Happy Thought House, high class, splendid cooker, only \$40, at Perry & Turner's old stand, Johnson street.

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient, easy in effect. 25 cents.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Simon Anderson, deceased.

All persons having claims against this estate are required to send same to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, A.D. 1896, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to P. C. Brown, executor, at the office of the B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, Government street, Victoria.

MORRIS L. WOOLTON & BARNARD,
Board of Trade Building, Solicitors for the Executors.

Dated this 29th day of May 1896. m36 1m

ESTATE OF JAMES BURNS.

Late of the City of Victoria, B. C., Deceased.

Pursuant to the Trustee's and Executor's Act, notice is hereby given that all persons having any claim upon the estate of the said James Burns, late of the city of Victoria, British Columbia, are to send the amount and full particulars thereof to us on or before the 15th September, 1896, and in default thereof all claims will be deemed to be excluded from any benefit of the said estate. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such debts to James Hill Lawson, Esq., of the said estate, Victoria, B. C., the executor of the said estate.

HODWELL & IRVING,
2 Broughton street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Executor.

1st June 1896.

Notice to Water Consumers.

From and after this date no consumer of water from the Victoria Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except between the hours of 5 p.m. and 9 a.m. If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time above mentioned, the water will be turned off and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

J. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner
City Hall, 21st May, 1896. my22

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—At half price, \$175. 1 or 2 lots clear; good neighborhood; close to school, tramway and church. A. H. Harmon & Co., 41 Broad street.

ACRE LOT.—The best suburban site available; high, beautiful view; city water; good garden; 200 feet from tramway; \$2000. A. H. Harmon & Co., 41 Broad street.

3/4 ACRES farming land; mouth of Alberni canal; good harbor; any steamers will call; good land and timber; worth \$15 an acre; price \$250. A. H. Harmon & Co., 41 Broad street.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.—We have a choice lot to exchange for work or part cash; cash prices on both sides; can help you to build your own house also. A. H. Harmon & Co., 41 Broad street.

A CHOICE LOT, well located; \$200; \$10 down and \$5 monthly; have a look at it. A. H. Harmon & Co., 41 Broad street.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Victoria Loan Office,
123 GOVERNMENT ST.

MONEY TO LOAN

On any approved security. Business strictly Private. Entrance, Pandora street.
F. Landsberg, Prop.
P. O. Box 696. (612-13)

JOHN MESTON

PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS,

38 FORT STREET.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Printing and Binding at Reasonable Rates. Give us a call.

38 FORT STREET.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—Charges for advertising "SAVINGS" must be handed in at the office before 11 a.m. of the day the "Change" is desired to appear.

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, between Johnson and Fox Streets.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col. Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Woods, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Hill & Co., Post street, between Cookhouse & Main, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 190.

WANTS.

WANTED—For general work, at once. Apply in afternoon at A. C. Pottery Co., corner of Broad and Pandora streets. 10-12

HOUSE WANTED.—With not less than 10 or 11 rooms; must be conveniently situated. Rent must be low. Give particulars and rent expected on one year's lease with privilege of two or three years. Address "N. O. P." Times Office.

INFORMATION WANTED.—OF WILLIAM Henry Lee, a native of the Township of Marlborough, Ont., aged about 50; 6 ft. 1 in. or 2 in.; formerly wore dark brown hair and dark chin whiskers. When last heard from, about eight years ago, was in British Columbia. He is anxious to correspond with him. Address JAMES LEE, Almonte, Ont. 718-4-d-w

TO LET.

TO LET.—Cheap, a furnished house; 30 McClure street; it has a large garden and fruit trees. Apply on the premises. 30-11

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A centrally located saloon; situated on a corner; cheap rent. Apply evening. Times office. 10-17

FOR SALE.—Bargain.—Farm; 200 acres, 60 cleared and out-buildings; fine soil; premises; good fishing and hunting; fine site for summer residence for a gentleman and family; situated in Shewanago district; one and a half miles east of Cobble Hill station. Half cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent interest; price \$50 per acre. Geo. W. Harnes, 9 Trueman ave. 30-4

WHY NOT TRY Marshall's whole wheat bread; also home made bread. 30 Broad street. 35-17

NOTICE.—Victoria's plumbing and heat plate, patented in Canada June 15, 1894, is for sale by the Amer. Holden Co., Victoria, sole agents for the Dominion of Canada. Benders' doors more durable. John I. K. Nelson, notes. 34-1m

RANCH FOR SALE.—South Saanich, 60 acres of which 30 cultivated; with modern well-built house and other improvements. Particulars from Geo. Shadden, 10 Trueman ave. 34-1m

FOR SALE.—A portion of the N. & S. Saanich Agricultural Society's land in South Saanich, containing 64 acres more or less, about 20 acres cleared; never failing stream of water; for particulars, apply to the secretary, H. F. Holders, Trueman street, P. O. B. C. 35-17-d-w

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, the Vancouver Hotel, 71 Yates street, Victoria, B. C.; in good running order; for particulars apply to F. J. Dailey, P. O. Box 205, or on the premises. 35-17

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST.—Thursday, last, leather dog collar; white nose, brindle stripes over body; has collar with "B" on it. Finder please return to "Hill" office. 35-17

MISCELLANEOUS.

SEXTANT'S repaired and reflectors re-stilvered. Patent Sextant Silver process at shortest notice. Blyth, 65 Fort street. 10-28

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS set in type like this paragraph, cost not one cent per word each insertion, and are reprinted at the Times office each day of publication up to 5 p.m.

A & W. WILSON

PLUMBERS AND GAS-FITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best quality of Heating and Cooking Stoves. Range and Sinks supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JEWELERS, ETC.

American Waterbury
Nickel Alarm Clocks, \$1.

ANSONIA ALARMS, 50c.
GERMAN ALARMS, 70c.
Guaranteed two years.

S. A. STODDART.

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

65 1-2 YATES STREET.

Clean Watches thoroughly for the New Main Spring, 75c.; Balance and Palmetto Staff, \$1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. SEALS' TRENTH WANTED.

UNDERTAKERS.

OHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government Street, Victoria.

Kootenay Mines.

LATEST INFORMATION OF
New Finds,
Transfers,
Shipments of Ore,
Developments.

WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF
Stock and
Share Prices.

READ...

THE MINER

PUBLISHED AT NELSON.
The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of

Mr. Geo. Shedden,

Agent for Victoria and Vancouver Islands.

Notice.

Section street, between Government and Langley, is closed to traffic.
R. A. WILSON,
City Engineer.

A JUNE FROST

Messrs Prior and Earle Fought
It Very Chilly in Victoria
West Last Evening.

The Liberals Denounced, the Old
Flag Waved and Promises
Galore Made.

The Many Good Things That the
Nascent Liberals Prevented
B. C. From Getting.

Messrs. Earle and Prior met with a very cold reception in Victoria West last evening. Had not a good-sized squad of the "faithful" gone over from the city the meeting would have been absolutely lifeless. Most of the applause came from this little loyal band. Colonel Prior repeated the set speech which must do duty during the whole of the campaign, the only difference being his mention of the times that were to have been passed had the estimates been brought down. Mr. Earle followed, his speech consisting of "them's my sentiments."

Mr. John Russell was voted to the chair. He hoped that a patient hearing would be given Messrs. Earle and Prior and then called upon Colonel Prior.

Colonel Prior, in opening, expressed pleasure at so many being present to listen to his dry speech. He referred to the fact that the Times had headed his speech of the previous evening, "The Same Old Speech." He pleaded guilty. He was telling the same thing that he had been telling every time he came before them—his "daughters." The Conservative policy was the same old policy—the policy that had done so much for Canada. The first plank in the platform was the confederation of the Dominion. He recited the noble work Sir John Macdonald had done in bringing about that end. The National Policy was the foundation of prosperity. Look at the immense railroads, canals and public buildings. Look at the C. P. R. What a grand piece of work that was; it had been built under Conservative rule. The Conservative party is the only party that ever did anything for Canada. The Liberals were simply obstructionists and were not to be trusted. The Conservative party, he claimed, was the only party that would do anything in regard to the development of the province. The Conservative party also believed in the development of the industries of the country, and he asserted that the grand policy of protection, inaugurated by Sir John Macdonald, had successfully developed the industries of the country and pictured the glowing terms the "happy conditions everywhere apparent" in Canada today in consequence of that grand policy—protection. Employment had been given to everybody, wages had increased and prosperity, peace and contentment reigned everywhere. The whole country was progressing. The country could not get along if they were to institute a tariff for revenue only.

The Conservative government had subsidized fine steamships to run everywhere. A fast line will soon be started from Canada to Great Britain. The opposition had, he claimed, opposed these subsidies—they always opposed everything. The speaker then touched on the maintenance of British connection. Preferential trade was to be the next move of the Conservative party if they were returned to power.

Mr. McPhillips—Hear, hear.
He would not, however, weary the audience (hear, hear). Canada did not send enough men to England, but should send more. Last night a gentleman had said that his business would improve if the policy of protection were done away with. But he was wrong—he was a free trader. Could anybody contradict it?

Look at the disastrous condition of affairs in England to-day. The country was in a terrible state. Protection was what the people of that country needed and they were now agitating for it. Free trade was ruining the farmer. Why England is the only country in the world today in favor of free trade. Look at the noble example of the United States! McKinley was going to be elected and he certainly would at once slap on protection. England is being driven out of every market in the world to-day.

Mr. Templeman, he was informed, had said that nothing would be left on the free list if the Liberals came into power. This, he saw to-night, Mr. Templeman denied. He was sorry he had made a mistake and would say no more about it. (Hear, hear and applause.)

Look at the United States during Cleveland's administration. The country was on the verge of destruction, and tinkering with the tariff had caused all the misery. Why, just look at Coxey's army! (Laughter.) Now, did the Liberals do any thing while they were in power? They had failed to build the Canadian Pacific railway. They wanted to build a narrow-gauge railway—they were a narrow-gauge party. Now Laurier was no more fit to be the leader of the Liberal party than he was, (Laughter.) Sir Charles Tupper is a noble man, a strong man, the father of confederation. He has the pluck to borrow the money. That is the difference between the two leaders. Mr. Laurier was, of course, a gentleman—but entirely unfit to be the leader of a party.

The debt of the country to-day is \$253,000,000, but that was nothing—a mere trifle. He would now speak of some estimates. The Liberals had obstructed everything in the house, and there were many things in the estimates for this province if the Liberals had only allowed them to be brought down. But we could not bring them down. We were in a terrible position. He and Mr. Earle had done their duty, and done all they could and if the workmen were out of work this summer they could thank the opposition.

Mr. McPhillips—(Hear, hear.)
About the British Pacific. A subsidy was now on the estimates for a road for

125 miles north to Bute Inlet. If those estimates had been allowed to be brought down there was a further appropriation for the postoffice, money for repairs to the Quadra, a new revenue cutter, new improvements at the quarantine station, money for Fraser river dikes, \$20,000 for Victoria harbor, a new caretaker's dwelling at the drill hall, a new dredger, surveys would be undertaken, a new fog alarm would be erected at the outer wharf and light-houses would be erected at various points all over the coast. All these grand things were on the estimates that the awful Liberals had prevented from being brought down.

Mr. Cassidy—Hear, hear.
But he was afraid of the progress that Japan and China is making. Why Chinese can live on the smell of an oil rag! (Laughter.) We can't compete against such labor. He had actually bought six boxes of matches for eight cents. (Laughter.)

After denying any wrong motive in having introduced the gerrymander bill, Col. Prior pointed out that Mr. Martin should have shown him what the trouble was. He did not know that electors would have been franchised. Anyhow, if they were knocked off one they could vote in the other! In regard to the school question he was of stronger opinion than before that Manitoba should be forced to restore their system of separate schools. The government would

revert to the old system. Upon the Manitoba school question he also was in accord with Col. Prior. After an elaborate explanation of the exact position and history of the question he could and would firmly say that the position of the Tupper government was the correct one and he was going to support their position if returned. Sir Charles Tupper has stated that he will again reintroduce and pass it returned, remedial legislation. The government of Manitoba might have settled the question, but that government was a Liberal government. They had been twitted about issuing no address. There was no necessity for issuing one because they were supporters of the government and all knew what the policy of the government was. After exhorting those present to vote for Prior and Earle—and not to split their votes—and apologizing for the brevity of his remarks the speaker took his seat.

Mr. Robert Cassidy then took the platform. He was glad to speak upon this occasion. The Conservatives ought to be proud of their position on this occasion. He paid a glowing tribute to the ability and sterling qualities of Sir Charles Tupper. Why, he had sacrificed half his salary in order to come over and lead the Conservative party once more to victory!

Col. Prior—Hear, hear.
The Manitoba school question was, in his opinion, a question that was as dead as a door nail. The question had been

scanned. He believed that both candidates would be elected—but, remember, efforts must not be relaxed.

At this point the chairman rose and asked for some one to come forward and fill up the time—it was only 10:30—and Mr. H. D. Helmcken offered to fill up the breach.

Mr. Helmcken was pleased to hear from Col. Prior that so much had been placed upon the estimates for British Columbia. He thought that the Songhees reserve question had escaped the memory of the previous speakers, and he hoped to see a speedy settlement of that question. Works of defence were being erected by the Imperial government near Esquimaux, and he had ascertained that they were to be very extensive. This would be a grand thing for Victoria. We are all loyal proud subjects of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, and Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Joseph Chamberlain were working well together, and Canada therefore occupies a most glorious position. Sir Charles Tupper, he thought, was deserving of the thanks of every person for the bold manner in which he had grappled with the Manitoba school question. The electors should cling to that party which had done so much for Canada. They should all continue the work of canvassing. They might have an easy thing, but he did not think so. (Laughter.)

After the usual vote of thanks to the chairman the meeting adjourned.

THE IMPORTANCE OF A LIVER.

Thousands Suffer Because the Liver Is Deranged—South American Nervine Is the Great Panacea of the Day for a Diseased Liver and All Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervousness and General Debility.

When a well known author wrote his book entitled, "Is Life Worth Living?" Mr. Punch, with shrewd, practical common sense, replied to the query, "That depends on the liver." And undoubtedly it is the case that when the liver is diseased untold troubles follow. Dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache, nervousness and general debility are all species of stomach trouble that come from this source. The practical question is, "What are you going to do about it?" That great discovery of the century, South American Nervine, with ten thousand voices says, "I will cure." We might easily quote the words of well known Canadian citizens to fill this entire page. Let one or two suffice. Mr. John Boyer, banker, of Kincardine, says: "I was very much troubled with indigestion, giving rise to those distressing feelings that can hardly be described in any language, but that are so common to the dyspeptic. I tried South American Nervine, and it cured me. I have no hesitation in recommending it to any person afflicted with any stomach trouble." Mr. J. W. Dinwiddie, of

ICE
MADE FROM
HYDROX.
A Pure, Distilled Drinking Water.
B. C. Cold Storage and Ice Works. TEL. 44.

Victoria Spring Assizes

Notice to Jurors and Witnesses.

Notice is hereby given that by direction of the Honorable the Chief Justice, the opening of the above Assize is postponed from Thursday, 29th May, until

TUESDAY, JUNE 16th,

In consequence of the bridge disaster. Regular notices will be served.

P. H. TIERWHITT DRAKE,
Registrar Supreme Court.

NOTICE.

Rock Bay Bridge and James Bay Bridge are closed to vehicular traffic until full examination and further notice.

By order of the Mayor.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., May 27th, 1896.

AMUSEMENTS

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE PERFORMANCE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10.

THE COMEDIAN

EDDIE FOY

PRESENTING

"The Strange Adventures of Miss Brown."

New reaching its 50th performance at Terry's Theatre, London.

Prices \$1.00 and 75c. gallery 50c. Seats now on sale at Jameson's.

TENDERS

Mortgagee's Sale

By instructions of the mortgagee and under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain indenture of mortgage which can be inspected at the office of the undersigned, tenders will be received up to the 22nd day of June, 1896, for the purchase of the following lands and premises described as follows: All those pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in Lake District, in the Province of British Columbia, and more particularly described as the northerly half of lot three (3) in subdivision of part of section five (5) Lake District aforesaid, and containing five (5) acres more or less as shown upon the map filed in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C., and numbered four hundred and eleven (411).
Dated June 6, 1896.

MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.
Agents for the mortgagee.
26 1/2 Broad street.

Mortgagee's Sale.

By instructions of the mortgagee, and under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain indenture of mortgage which can be inspected at the office of the undersigned, tenders will be received up to the 22nd day of June, 1896, for the purchase of the following lands and premises described as follows: All those pieces or parcels of land situate in Victoria District, being subdivisions twenty-nine (29), thirty (30), thirty-one (31) and thirty-five (35), being portions of sections twenty-eight (28) and sixty-nine (69), as shown upon the official plan of said district, and more particularly described upon a map or plan deposited in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, and there numbered two hundred and forty-nine (249).
Dated June 6, 1896.

MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.
Agents for the mortgagee.
26 1/2 Broad street, Victoria.

Estate of T. W. Fletcher.

Whole or separate tenders are called for by the undersigned up to Thursday next, the 11th day of June, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of the stock of apparels, sewing machines, grand piano, brass and black music, musical instruments, 1 Tupper safe, stock of mechanical patterns and fittings and other miscellaneous articles now on the premises, on view daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. at Government street, Victoria. The highest of any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN J. AUSTIN, Trustee.
Victoria, B. C., June 5, 1896.

Notice.

James Bay Bridge is closed to vehicular traffic.
May 18th 1896. E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.



The taste of that "BUT" makes the party sick!

not allow the bargain to be broken. He thanked the chairman for having kept the audience in order while he spoke and hoped that all would go to the polls and vote for both Prior and Earle.

A Voice—Did the C. P. R. ask for a subsidy for the Crow's Nest Pass railway at the last session of the house?
Col. Prior—No; the application was supposed to have been sent in but it was not done this session. A letter was simply sent to the minister of railways and the application was printed. It would be introduced next session.

Mr. Earle came forward amidst slight applause and promised not to detain them. Col. Prior had said all that he intended to say. He would not enter into a discussion of the large question, but would merely say that the grand policy of the Conservative party should be supported by everyone.

Col. Prior—Hear, hear.
The Liberal party were getting down at last to a policy very nearly to free trade—a policy that would be very detrimental to Canada. The farmers needed protection and the Conservative government inaugurated protection which had furnished employment for our artisans. That policy—the policy of protection—will be maintained if the gov-

forced upon them by irresistible circumstances. What is the use of discussing details? The Conservative party have done the right thing, and would, if returned to power, force the thing to a conclusion. Col. Prior had been charged with not being a cabinet minister. He believed he was.

Col. Prior—Hear, hear.
There could be no two kinds of a cabinet minister, and he was sure that Col. Prior was as much a cabinet minister as Sir Charles Tupper. The ones who denied it were densely ignorant. Now about the Manitoba school question. They talk of "coercion." There was no such thing as "coercion." While not in favor of separate schools, himself he believed that Manitoba should live up to the constitution and restore the old system of schools. That would be the better plan. In regard to the trade question, there was only one trade question—the grand policy of protection. The Liberals had only nostrums to offer. We ought to be proud of our country and proud of our candidates! Col. Prior was one of the best representatives of Canada, and he was proud to say that Col. Prior had evidenced a grasp of the affairs of the country simply astounding in its magni-

ONE HONEST MAN.

Dear Editor—Please inform your readers, that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and many vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak sunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. I promise you perfect secrecy, and as I do not wish to expose myself either, please address simply: P. O. Box 288, London, Ont.

See our "wall paper window." We have a large stock of ingrain and decorated papers. We can supply you with almost any style. Weller Bros.

Campbellford, Ont., the large railroad contractor, says: "I keep South American Nervine always in the house, and I do not hesitate to say that it is the very best medicine I have ever taken, and most confidently recommend it to any one troubled with nervousness of whatever form and the attendant diseases of the liver and stomach that follow this weakness."

Mrs. A. V. Galbraith, of Shelburne, Ont., says: "South American Nervine cured me completely of indigestion. I never fail to recommend it to my friends."

It is not an experiment with any one who used this great discovery. It has been tested and proven over and over again, with the one result, that it provides a certain cure. For sale by Dean & Hiscock and Hall & Co.

He wrote a verse on Trilby.
To keep up with the fad;
The editor declined it
Because its feet were bad.

There is no article in the list of medicine that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Rockwell Plaster.

JUNE.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER

Room 7, Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

A SAMPLE OF TORY WORK.

Col. Prior has a great deal to say about the immense public works the Conservative government has constructed and has now to set over against the national debt. One of these assets is known to be the Little Rapids lock, which affords a fair illustration of the government's methods of "developing" the country.

In the month of December, 1886, two months before the general election of 1887, the Dominion public works department entered into a contract with Mr. W. J. Poupore, Conservative M. P. for Pontiac county, Quebec, for the construction of a lock and dam at Little Rapids, on the Clerve river, a stream running through Ottawa county and discharging into the Ottawa river at Buckingham, twenty miles below Ottawa city. The idea, it is said, was to facilitate the shipment of phosphates, though as a matter of fact, the effect was to largely increase the cost of the phosphates reaching the railway at Buckingham station. Work was not begun until the latter half of 1887, and dragged along until April, 1892, so that it extended over two general elections. After the contract was let the department of public works extended the work so as to include a guide wall, retaining wall, a cross wall, and a landing wharf at the lower end. All this additional work was let to Mr. Poupore without tender, and at greatly increased prices over and above the prices of the original contract.

The original estimate for the work was \$44,000 but when the original contract was completed, the final estimate made by the department amounted to \$76,080, exclusive of the lock gates, which were built of Michigan pine by the government at a cost of about \$10,000. Mr. Poupore, however, has received, so far, \$200,000, and has claimed for extra \$61,000. If he receives one-half of these extras, the actual cost of the work will be \$300,000, for which the original estimate was \$44,000, and the final estimate \$76,080.

The original contract included nine-tenths of the work finally built, and the cost at Mr. Poupore's own prices of nine-tenths of the work amounted to \$70,000, yet on one pretence or another, the department have paid out \$160,000 additional, and as late as the season of 1894 an additional vote of \$5,000 was taken on account of this work.

Now, an important fact is this: the work is entirely useless for any purpose whatever, and is just so much money thrown into the river. The river runs through a wilderness, and is used for the floating of logs. There is one solitary little steamer running up the river from Buckingham village for a distance of twenty-five miles. Before the construction of the lock and dam this steamer used to go up and down just as it does now. There is not a pound of phosphate mined in that district, nor has there been since the lock was completed, so that it stands there a monument to the imbecility or corruption of the department of public works. All the phosphate ever exported from Canada could have been transported from this district to Montreal, for twenty years for the money thrown away on this lock and dam. Now that it is there it takes a lock master and an assistant lock master to look after it, and an annual expenditure, which is a fixed charge on the revenue of the country.

McKINLEYISM.

It is rather amusing to hear Col. Prior use the experience of the United States as an argument in favor of protection. He quotes a number of railway and trade statistics for the purpose of showing that hard times commenced in the States after the change in the tariff. This is a most ridiculous blunder for even the Colonel to make. The statistics he quotes all refer to the period when the McKinley tariff was in force—the period when "protection" was at its very highest notch in the United States. Very shortly after the modified Wilson tariff was substituted for that of McKinley a vast improvement in the trade and industrial situation was noticeable. It would not be strictly true to say that the tariff was the only factor in either the depression or the improvement, for the unsetting of the monetary system had something to do with them; but there is no doubt about the fact that the severest depression and the McKinley tariff existed at the same time. It is quite characteristic, nevertheless, that a Tory candidate should go out of his way to speak kindly of the McKinley tariff.

It is just as well that Mr. Earle does not want to go to Ottawa with a "Grit" as a colleague. It will be a graceful retreat. Now the Colonel is willing to go after that \$5,000 in any company.

At the demonstration made at Chatham, Ont., in honor of Mr. Laurier, the leader said: "The people were told by the ministerial press and by the ministerial candidates that the province of Quebec would be enrolled under the banner of the Conservative party. The province of Quebec on the 23rd of June would give to the Liberal party a larger majority than it had ever given to any party within the history of the country. There were prejudices in the province of Quebec, as there were prejudices in all parts of Canada, and an appeal was being made in Quebec in the name of religion (thus prostituting religion) to vote against the Liberal party, but he was glad to be able to tell his hearers that all these appeals would be unavailing and that the Liberal party would carry victory before it. Just as sure as the sun would rise to-morrow there would be a change in the administration."

Mr. James Haggart acknowledges the "hoodling and swindling" (Colonist, June 10th) of the present government, but excuses it by saying that "in a new country we must expect such things." In Mr. Haggart's opinion we as Canadians are not old enough yet to know the difference between right and wrong. No comment is needed. This loyal little remark ought to echo in the ears of every voter.

Why doesn't the Colonel get a telegram from Sir Charles promising as many millions as he can get in a dispatch, to the British Pacific and any other scheme handy? Out of the last twelve millions of our money, nabbed for election bribery, surely enough could be promised us to run railways criss-crossing like a tennis net all over the island.

"I see by the public press that I have formed a nefarious bargain or compact with the Liberals and Patrons to expel and destroy the government. I do not think that for months past any person has had the slightest doubt as to what my desire has been. I want the destruction of the government."—Mr. McCarthy at Barrie.

Good Conservatives must remember that this election is not for the purpose of saving the party. The Conservatives of Canada will share in the prosperity and equal rights under a Liberal administration. It is to prevent a Tupper-McCreery-Rykert combination from stealing more of our money.

Mr. McBride, the new Conservative candidate in Westminster district, promises to vote against the remedial bill if elected. There are therefore three Conservative candidates in this province who declare against what Messrs. Earle and Prior say is the only constitutional course.

Would you keep a light-fingered servant in your employ after his guilt has been proved, for fear if you got another even with unimpeachable record he might steal too? There are a few timid folk in Victoria who argue thus. Brace up and be men.

It is no time for frivolity. Give the Colonel a tea a week to make up for it. It will be economy in the end. But vote for the men who will go to Ottawa to attend strictly to your business.

Those who revere the memory of the Hon. George Brown and who loved Sir John Macdonald should unite together to kick out the man who says, "I am the father of Confederation."

The Bohemian Independent urges the Conservative party to get clear of Tupper. It says the Conservatives should be a party of gentlemen.

Perhaps the most effective arguments against the return of Messrs. Prior and Earle are their campaign speeches.

What a group on public affairs! Hon. Dr. Helmcken had. We hope he may long be spared to speak at all Conservative meetings.

PROSTRATED FOR TWO YEARS WITH LIVER COMPLAINT.

When men and women can be got away from simply temporizing with disease there will be less disease in the world. The immediate matter it is natural, is to relieve the present trouble. But how often it is forgotten that any cure that is only skin deep, if we may use the expression, cannot be lasting. It will certainly turn up again.

This was the case with Mr. W. J. Hill, the well known ballist of Bracebridge, Ont. He had suffered from severe liver trouble and nervous prostration for nearly three years. During that time he doctored to no end, and occasionally secured a little temporary relief. But the old trouble would come back again after the charm of the curals have been exhausted.

He entered upon the use of South American Nervine, with little hope that it would be any better than any other medicines he had taken. But he soon discovered his mistake. When doctors had said he must die, this medicine gave him life. He persevered with it, and today is in possession of robust health. The secret is this: South American Nervine treats with the nerve centres, from which flows the life blood that keeps the system in perfect health. When these nerve centres are kept healthy, neither liver complaint nor other troubles will worry one. Mr. Hill's cure was lasting for this reason. Anyone who uses Nervine will experience the same results.

For Sale by Hall & Co. and Dean & Hisecks.

British Opinion

Of Canadian Conservatives—Hard on Col. Prior's Colleagues.

THE LONDON TIMES.

"Here in the Mother Country there can be only one feeling, that of deep regret for the wrong done to the fair fame of the eldest of her daughter nations by the laxity of her politicians."

LONDON DAILY CHRONICLE.

"It seems to be possible in the Dominion to secure the political support not only of individuals but of whole provinces by gifts of money. The locality is bribed as well as the member, and the consequent demoralization spreads through all ranks."

LONDON GRAPHIC.

"It is no longer possible to doubt that corruption in its worst form is rampant in a large portion of the Canadian civil service."

LONDON TELEGRAPH.

"Enough, unfortunately, is already known in England to make it clear that only the most resolute and drastic purification can redeem public life in Canada from the taint of corruption, the like of which we have not seen in our own country for hundreds of years."

BIRMINGHAM GAZETTE.

"Rascals out of office defraud the public in order to bribe rascals in office, and rascals in office prostitute themselves, sacrifice their honor and forsake their trust in order to keep on good terms with the rascals out of office."

LONDON ECHO.

"No country can prosper where public departments are in league with fraudulent contractors, and where ministers are open to offers."

ST. JAMES' GAZETTE.

"The existence of an organized system of corruption among public officials in Canada has been conclusively proved, and, like everything else on the American continent, the bribery has been colossal."

THE GRAPHIC DESPATCH.

"The secret of Sir John Macdonald's electoral victories is out. On this side of the water surprise has often been expressed at the patience with which our Canadian cousins submitted to the Tory protectionist rule of that prince of political intriguers. There is now, alas! no difficulty in explaining that curious situation. Sir John's government rested upon a stupendous and all-prevailing system of bribery and corruption. Even Tammany Hall smells sweet and clean in comparison with the huge stink-pot of Sir John's government."

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE TURF.

AGAINST RACING.

Covington, Ky., June 11.—The Kenton grand jury returned an indictment against the Roush electric light racing club, also against "Kid" Shaw, who is closely associated with the club as book maker, and otherwise, for maintaining a common nuisance and allowing people to congregate for betting on horse racing. Another indictment was against Charlie Bollinger for maintaining a poolroom in West Covington.

YACHTING.

Netley, England, June 11.—The Meteor, Britannia, Satinla, Allen and Heister started this morning in the regatta of the Royal Southampton Yacht Club. The weather was dull with a light northwesterly wind blowing. The course for the big yachts was round Warner and Lynton lights, the total distance of the course being forty-two miles. The Meteor was twenty minutes only thirty-two miles.

The Meteor allows the Britannia 4 minutes, Allen 38 seconds, Satinla 1 minute 44 seconds, and Heister 25 minutes 28 seconds. The Britannia to-day turned up with a new topmast on end, apparently a longer stick than the one she used last season. Mr. Ho. and Gould were on board the Niagara. A start was made at 10:45 in the twenty-raters, Audley, Penitent and Niagara starting. The race stopped at the end of the first round with the Penitent winner.

The Meteor won the race for the big yachts.

BASEBALL.

To-morrow is ladies' day at the Calcedonia Park and no doubt many of the fair sex will turn out to see the Victoria and Tacoma ball teams play the American national game.

One of the prettiest plays in yesterday's game was Down's throw from centre to first. Whaling's home run in the first innings brought two runs in.

A GOOD EXHIBITION.

Although Victoria lost yesterday's game to Tacoma, the fans had nothing to complain of for the game was a good one. Darby, it is true, was a little off color, and Kossuth did not throw so second as well as he might have done. Ferguson, on the other hand, pitched a good game, the home team being unable to find him. Perria, the new umpire, was not called upon to give any close decisions on base running, but if his abilities in that direction are no better than his ability to judge balls and strikes, the league had better go back to Mr. Parsons. Yesterday Perria was very partial to Ferguson, particularly in the last inning, when Victoria had a good chance to pick up a few runs. Three strikes on balls which he could not have reached had he been standing on

the plate. Every man on the Tacoma team played good ball, and the outfielding of the Victoria team could not have been improved upon. The infield were not up to their usual standard. The score follows:

Victoria	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Tacoma	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	3
	6	1	3	1	0	1	0	2	8

KENNEL.

ITALIAN GREYHOUNDS.

Harry Wright, of the Willows' Kennels, has a litter of Italian greyhounds, the first ever bred in the province. The mother was imported by Mr. Wright.

PASSENGERS.

A. J. Goodall, Mrs. Bourne, Miss Calnan, Mrs. A. Blackman, Miss Blackman, Miss Ginn, C. McGregg, A. A. Briggs, M. Koenig, G. W. Scott, Harry Thorsing, Miss Wyman, Mrs. S. J. King, Miss B. Cooley, Miss Lombard, Mrs. Nicholson, Miss Lane, Miss Whelan, G. B. Lombard, Mrs. Lombard, G. F. and L. Lombard, Mrs. Searle and child, Miss Dickinson, C. W. Hutchinson, G. W. Stoner.

CONSIGNEES.

For steamer Walla Walla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Wks, D. H. Ross & Co. Prior & Co., Erskine Wall & Co., E. B. Marvin & Co., F. H. Stewart, Fell & Co., H. R. Eile, Hudson Bay Co., H. D. Helmcken, Henry Young & Co., J. A. Clearhouse, J. Todd & Son, J. Barnsley, Major & Eldridge, Marlyn & Tilson, P. McQuade & Son, R. Baker & Son, R. P. Rithet & Co., S. Leiser & Co., Shallock, Macaulay & Co., Thos. Dunn & Co., Thomas Earle, Vale & Brooks, Wilson Bros, W. H. Adams, W. & J. Wilson, Wash & Robertson, Weller Bros, W. B. Goodchild, C. S. Phillip, F. R. Stewart, G. Wagg, McMillan & Hamilton, Edmund Skrine & Co., Winch & Bower, Consolidated Ry Co., Reid Currie Iron Wks., John Baggins.

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Order the **Times** SENT TO YOU BY MAIL

LUMBER. LUMBER.

Victoria Lumber & Mfg. Co., Ltd.

Have again opened their yard at Laurel Point, and are prepared to supply Contractors and Builders, ROUGH and DRESSED LUMBER, in any quantity to suit the purchaser, at an extremely low figure.

Call and get PRICES before buying elsewhere. We are selling for CASH ONLY, but you will find the price is a sufficient inducement to buy from us.

Call at Our Yard—Laurel Point.

DRINK MONTSERRAT

LIME FRUIT JUICE

... IN HOT WEATHER ...

See that you get "Montserrat," which is a Pure Lime Fruit Juice and can be sweetened to taste. If a Cordial is required ask for

MONTSERRAT LIMETTA CORDIAL.

Beware of imitations which are mere concoctions and injurious to health. In Montserrat (W. I.) alone is the Lime systematically cultivated for the purpose of supplying juice as a beverage.

READ :

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"A Province I will give thee."—ANT. & CLIO.

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MOTHERS and FATHERS

Fit your sturdy footballers and nimble skip-the-rope with a pair of Dick's O.K. Country boots, many testify to have saved many dollars since they have used Dick's Famous Footwear. Can be purchased only at the

Old Country Boot Store,

51 Johnson Street
Bet. Broad and Douglas.

—Beware, get your increase and running shoes from Gilmore & McCandless.

NOTICE.

Campbell & Co.,

Cor. Trunk Ave., and Broad St.

Have just received a choice line of

Imported Goods.

Call early and secure your Spring Suit.

Chloride of Lime

For disinfecting. In perforated tin boxes. Can be kept dry and of full strength until all is used.

BOWEN, Dispensing Prescriptions.
100 Government Street, near corner Yates street, Victoria.

LOCAL NEWS.**Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.**

—Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Govt. st.
—George Amerson has entered an action for libel against the Times Printing and Publishing Company.

—Bankrupt stock of 2000 No. 9. Happy Thought, only \$36, at Perry & Turner's old stand, Johnson street.

—A general meeting of all ward committees will be held this evening at the rooms of the opposition central committee, Balmoral building, Douglas street.

—At the meeting of the W.C.T.U. held last evening at the residence of Mrs. Gordon Grant, it was decided to hold the annual meeting of the society on July 7th.

—Ald. Williams will ask leave at the next meeting of the council to introduce a by-law to authorize the sale of lands upon which taxes have been in arrears for two years.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of First Presbyterian church decided yesterday to hold the fourth anniversary of the present pastorate on the 24th inst., by an ice cream and strawberry festival.

—The price of admission to the athletic exhibition to be given under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Jubilee Hospital on Saturday evening, has been placed at 50 cents, children 25 cents.

—Charles Maidment, of the Mount Newton hotel was this morning arrested on the charge of supplying liquor to the Indian whose body was found on the beach at South Saanich. The hearing was remanded until Monday.

—It having been decided by the attorney-general's department that the Victoria harbor is within the jurisdiction of the city police, there have been charges of the body of Charles Clark, which was picked up in the harbor yesterday morning. An inquest will be held this evening at 7:30 at the city police court.

—The father of Haggerty, the young man who has been confined at the police station for some time, has offered to send his son east. His mother resides there, and as the doctor gave it as his opinion that Haggerty could be cured, it is probable that the magistrate will dismiss the charge against him and allow him to go.

—We enjoy the confidence of our customers, but, however, we are not surprised to learn that there are some who are not to be trusted even in a guessing contest. Every dollar spent in our store entitles the purchaser to a guess at the big block of soap, and the nearest estimate gets a high grade Cleveland well special bicycle. S. Reid, 122 Government.

—Last evening at the Y.M.C.A. concert a very successful taffy-pull and concert was held. Mrs. H. Siddall made the taffy; Mr. Cline won the prize for the best puller of taffy and Mr. Siddall won the booty prize. The musical programme was provided by the Victoria hand-bell ringers, Miss Burnett, Mr. Burnett, Mr. Brownlee and Mr. Jackman.

—A visitor to St. Barnabas' church cannot but notice the festive appearance of the church to-day. The congregation are observing the feast of their patron saint, and among the many services to be held the one at 8 p.m. is calling forth much attention. The combined choir of Christ Church cathedral and St. Barnabas' will render special music and the Rev. C. E. Sharp is the preacher. A large congregation is expected.

—The annual meeting of the Arion club was held in the Hotel Victoria last evening. Mr. Percy Wollaston occupied the chair and the following officers were elected: vice-president, Geo. Jay, Jr.; sec-treas., R. Caver; conductor W. Greig; librarian, J. E. Martin. The managing committee included the officers and H. Kent and Percy Wollaston. After routine business a pleasant social time was spent by the members.

—The following jury was empaneled by Coroner Crompton at Saanich yesterday to enquire into the cause of death of the Indian found dead on the beach at South Saanich: John Shuggett (foreman), John Durance, Thomas Graham, Thomas C. Smith, James Hagen and Thomas Humber. Their verdict was: "We find that the deceased, an Indian named Jim Scott, about 30 years of age, came to his death on Sunday, the 7th day of June, at Hagen's beach, South Saanich, by falling into the water and getting drowned while in a drunken state; from the evidence given we believe the deceased got his liquor from the Mount Newton hotel and that that was the cause of his death."

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

PRIDE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Fine Finish, Reasonable Prices

Skene Lowe,
Photographer, Government St.

ENQUIRY RESUMED.

Ex-Mayor Teague and Mr. H. P. Bell Give Evidence re Point Ellice Bridge.

Further Testimony by Those Who Were on the Bridge at Time of Disaster.

The coroner's inquest on the bridge disaster was resumed at 9:30 this morning. The first witness called was Richard Drake, of 65 Kane street. He said that he was on the car preceding the wrecked one. Three cars were together when they left the switch at the power house, but witness could not say whether they were together while crossing the bridge. The witness became annoyed at Mr. McPhillips' cross-examination and he jumped up and said to the coroner: "Am I to be bothered by that man all day?" He was much relieved when he had finished giving his evidence, and as he left the box he repeated: "I'm glad."

William Archibald Robertson, of 88 Chatham street, was on the front step of the ill-fated car. The preceding car was about two-thirds across the bridge when the accident occurred.

Hinkson Siddall, deputy sheriff, said that he was on the preceding car, there were two cars in front of this car, a closed car and a trailer. He did not know how far these cars were in front while crossing the bridge.

William H. Jones, of 57 Henry street, was on the trailer, which was attached to a closed car. He said that the trailer was about fifty feet on the bridge when the car following came on. He thought the number of passengers on the trailer was about 110 or 120. The car pulling the trailer was crowded, and so was the one following.

Ex-Mayor Teague was on the car which left Campbell's corner at 1:30 or 1:40 o'clock. The car was crowded. He could not say definitely how far the car following was behind when crossing the bridge, but he thought it was about a hundred yards behind. During his term as mayor he had never had a report concerning the bridge from the city engineer. He had never any doubts as to the stability of Point Ellice bridge. It is the duty of the city engineer to inspect bridges. The city engineer would have no idea of bridges; it would be an absurdity to expect him to inspect them.

The report of the city engineer, witness said, had nothing to do with the structure of the bridge, it alludes only to casual repairs. If he had thought the bridge needed an inspection he would have consulted with the city engineer, and ordered him to engage experts to assist him to inspect it. He would not say that the city engineer was subordinate to the streets and bridges committee. As a rule, though, he said a city councillor ten minutes after he is sworn in becomes a full-fledged engineer. Mr. Teague volunteered his opinion that the whole lot of them should be put in jail that would put up a bridge like that on that thoroughfare.

Mr. Bell was again called this morning. He said that in some respects the Point Ellice bridge was not well designed. About 75 feet of the top chord should have been packed and joined in one length, not disjointed as it was. If he were designing it, he said he would have packed the whole of it. The bottom lateral system he considered to be defective. The lateral rods should not pass through the floor beams. He read from J. A. Waddell's "Highway Bridges" Lower lateral rods should not be attached to the floor beams. To make them clean the joists would have lateral struts resting on the floor beams having wrought iron jaws on their ends, which are employed for the struts to rest upon. These wooden struts to be bolted about every two feet through the floor beams with 5-8-inch bolts. Care being taken to stagger the bolt holes and to avoid placing a bolt at the middle of the beam.

The only reason witness could see why this was not done in the construction of this bridge was that it was cheaper to do as had been done. Boring holes vertically in making as it were a bottle in the beam to hold water, thus inducing premature decay. He had never seen the lower lateral rods put in floor beams before. He would not consider a bridge built in this way to be safe. The details were not well carried out; it was built cheaply. A very safe bridge could not have been built for the amount of money which this bridge is said to have cost. The bridge was safe for ordinary traffic, but not for tramway traffic. It was too heavy for the bridge. The original strain sheets, according to the assumption of the builders, were correct, the assumptions were not correct. He calculated the weight of the bridge to be 400 to the foot, not 600 pounds as they stated. If the sidewalks, as stated, were not part of the contract, it would make his calculations 700 pounds to the foot. The strain sheet, he said, for the conditions then were all right, but the bridge was overloaded; it was never capable of carrying those heavy cars with safety. A ten-ton car he thought would be the limit of safety. The bridge, he said, might have been injured for years. Witness said he would not allow a ten-ton car to habitually run over the bridge. He had found a good many of the small rods broken and the chord rods broken as if by tension. One of the hip verticals he found to be broken; it seemed to have been previously injured. It was broken at the throat, and looked to be a casting. Another hip vertical he found severed at the top. Welded links were used in the bridge. It is not usual, he said, to use welded rods in the bridge. If iron was properly welded it is as good as any one piece, but you can never tell when it is a good weld. Some of the iron he found in the broken in the weld. The strain sheets, which were worked for two heavy cars each, weigh-

ing 30,800 pounds, moving load, and at the rate of 1,000 pounds to a foot of ordinary traffic, compared as follows with the original strain sheets:

	S. F. B. Co.	Mr. McPhillips.
End brace	65,625	120,000
Top chords	78,750	134,875
	80,000	158,000
Bottom chords	39,375	98,540
	56,250	87,433
Hip verticals	14,000	26,000
Web members, bars	28,125	55,281
	29,109	58,108
Web members, counters	17,717	36,044
	8,438	16,564
	0	8,324

All the figures of Mr. McPhillips' sheets are for the up stream or George side of the truss. He had not figured the other side. When the chord strains were calculated the car was assumed to be in the middle of the span. An 18-ton car should have hangers measuring 1-1/2 inches square; a 20 panel load should have hangers measuring 1-1/2 inches square. The factor of safety of timber, witness said, was generally considered to be six. The term factor of safety, witness said, now is generally called by engineers, a factor of ignorance.

OFFICERS ELECTED

Business Transacted at Last Evening's Session of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

The Grand Encampment and Grand Lodge Elect Officers for the New Term.

Nanaimo, B. C., June 11.—At last evening's session of the Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., officers were elected as follows for the ensuing term:

H. B. Gilmour, Vancouver, Grand Master.
W. H. Morton, Nanaimo, Deputy Grand Master.
A. Henderson, Victoria, Grand Warden.
Fred Davey, Victoria, Grand Secretary.
Henry Waller, P.G.M., Victoria, Grand Treasurer.

D. Welsh, New Westminster, Grand Representative to Sovereign Lodge. Considerable business was transacted and the Grand Lodge adjourned at 10 p.m. Eighty-five votes were cast at the election of officers.

At the Grand Encampment's evening session, which was held after the Grand Lodge adjourned, the following officers were elected and installed by Grand Patriarch R. Rivers:

W. H. Huxtable, Victoria, Grand Patriarch.
D. Menzies, Vancouver, Grand High Priest.
T. A. Muir, New Westminster, Grand Senior Warden.
J. B. Ballentyne, New Westminster, Grand Scribe.
J. Webster, Vancouver, Grand Treasurer.
J. E. Phillips, Victoria, Grand Junior Warden.
A. McGregor, Grand Marshal.
H. Mitchell, Inside Sentinel.
E. Pannell, Outside Sentinel.

After the installation a great deal of business was transacted.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.
Several Matters Discussed at Last Evening's Meeting.

A meeting of the Board of School Trustees was held last evening. Chairman Hayward presided and Trustees Mrs. Grant, Lovell, McMillan, Saunders and Belyea were present.

Chief Deasy drew the attention of the board to the requirements of the "Fire Escape" by-law with respect to building more than two stories high.

Trustee Belyea moved that the communication be referred to the city council. In doing this he pointed out that it was impossible for the board to realize the insurance on a building that did not belong to that body. He believed that it was a mistake for school property to be covered by the city council. It should be under the control of the school board.

Trustee McMillan agreed with Mr. Belyea, but Chairman Hayward opposed these views. Trustee Mrs. Grant moved in amendment that a committee be appointed to inquire into the applicability of the act and ascertain who were responsible for insurance. Mr. Belyea's motion was withdrawn and Mrs. Grant's carried. Trustee Mrs. Grant, Belyea and McMillan were named as the committee. The regular monthly school report showed a daily attendance of 1838.70, and an actual attendance of 1822.10. The average per week was 44.08.

Secretary Williams reported that he had 43 requisitions for admission to the high school and all but one of these had been paid for.

Principal Paul complained of mistakes made by the printers in the examination papers. Trustee Belyea recommended the purchase of the mine-graph on the ground of economy as well as being an improvement on the present system.

Mrs. Grant moved that the alteration and repair committee be instructed to consult with Mr. Northcott and inquire into the safety of the Central rooms at North ward and Central schools, for holding the closing midsummer examinations.

Before adjourning the following resolution was passed: "That this board, at its first meeting since the awful disaster at Point Ellice bridge, desires to express its heartfelt sympathy with the families and friends of those who met death so suddenly on that fateful day, especially to the parents, brothers and sisters of the children, pupils of the public schools of this city, to whom death came so swiftly in the midst of life and happiness, and to them we extend our heartfelt sympathy and join with them in sorrow for the loved and lost."

—Weiler Bros. have a few 32-inch Kambler wheels, just the thing for heavy-weights.

—The opposition central committee rooms are now located in the Balmoral Block, Douglas street.

—We have just opened up a carload of china crockery, etc., and invite you to inspect these special lines.

—Trout rods and flies, see our fine stock at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

—Ladies, a fine line of A1 scissors and shears at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

Cocoa.

At the repeated request of many of our customers we have placed in stock a full line of COCOAS which includes among others the following well known lines:

Baker's, Cadbury's, Rountree's, Van Houten's, Fry's and Epp's.

Also a line of bulk Cocoas at 30c, 40c, and 50c per pound.

Victoria Tea House,
Cor. Government St., and Troncoe Ave
NO CANNASERS.

FLIES . . .
Finest English and Scotch Varieties From 50c to \$9 a dozen. Largest and Handsomest assortment in British Columbia. All Classes of Fishing Tackle. Complete stock of Cricket and Lawn Tennis goods.

HENRY SHORT & SONS,
405-1st. 72 Douglas street.

DR. HANINGTON
Having returned from Europe, may be consulted at his office, corner of Kane and Blanchard streets. Hours 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 5 p.m. to 9 p.m.

..A..
Splendid Stock

Japanese Mattings,
about 6000 yards.

SUITABLE FOR . . .
Halls, Bedrooms, Dining Rooms, Summer Residences.

The Newest Designs and Colors.
Fine Qualities and Moderate Prices.

Weiler Bros.
51 to 55 Fort Street.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—At best price, \$125.10 or 2 lots, close, good neighborhood, close to school, tramway and church. A. H. Harman & Co., 44 Broad street.

ACRE LOT.—The best suburban site available; high, beautiful view; city water; good garden; 300 feet from tramway; \$800. A. H. Harman & Co., 44 Broad street.

32 ACRES farming land; mouth of Alberni canal; good harbor; any steamship will call; good land and timber; worth \$15 an acre; price \$750. A. H. Harman & Co., 44 Broad st.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.—We have a choice lot to exchange for work or help work, at cash prices on both sides. Can help you to build your own home also. A. H. Harman & Co., 44 Broad st.

A CHOICE LOT well located, \$200; \$10 down and \$5 monthly; have a look at it—A. H. Harman & Co., 44 Broad st.

NOTICE.
In the matter of the estate of Simon Anderson, deceased.

All persons having claims against this estate are required to send same to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, A.D. 1896, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to J. K. Brown, executor, at the office of the B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, Government street, Victoria.

McPHILLIPS, WOODFORD & BARNARD,
Board of Trade Building, Solicitors for the Executors.
Dated this 30th day of May 1896. m30-1m

ESTATE OF JAMES BURNS.
Late of the City of Victoria, B. C., Deceased.

Pursuant to the Trustee's and Executors' Act, notice is hereby given that all persons having any claim upon the estate of the said James Burns, late of the city of Victoria, British Columbia, are to send the amount and full particulars thereof to us on or before the 1st day of September, 1896, and in default thereof all claimants will be permanently excluded from any benefit of the said estate. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such debts to James Hill Lawson, Esq., Wharf street, Victoria, B. C., the executor of the said estate.

RODWELL & IRVING,
2 Broughton street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Executor.
1st June, 1896.

Your Wife Will be Pleased

When she sees you in your nobby spring suit. Afford it? Of course you can at our little prices. You ought to see the swell line of Sack Suits which we offer at \$3, \$7 and \$8. They come in a great variety of neat and nobby fabrics, well cut, well made, and well wearing. Sizes, 36 to 42. Better grades at slightly better prices.

CAMERON, THE CASH CLOTHIER.
55 JOHNSON STREET.

Great Shoe Value

Is to be found in several cases of Ladies' Laced Tan Oxfords we opened up this morning. They sell at only \$1.50 per pair; also some Hand Turned Laced Oxford of a darker shade; beautifully finished, that sell for \$2.00. This is positively the best value in Tan Goods we have yet offered the Ladies of Victoria.

A. B. ERSKINE. COR. GOVERNMENT & JOHNSON STREETS.

Seen 'Em? What?

Why our summer coats and vests that we are selling for less than half price. Men's fancy vests worth \$2 and \$2.50, clearing for \$1 each. Men's white flannel coats and vests, slightly soiled, were \$5 now \$2.50. Odd coats and vests at half price.

Gilmore & McCandless,
35 AND 37 JOHNSON STREET.

Tennis Shoes

4
TEN-AS PLAYERS.

MANSELL'S, 95 Government Street.

PURE PRESERVES

And not cheap jams, and should
Try OKELL & MORRIS.
They are the Purest and Best; and are
Perfect in Preserves. Sold by every Grocer in the city.

DENTISTRY

..AT..
One-Half the Usual Prices

For one month longer DR. MOODY will continue to give his services at the prices as advertised last month.

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ROYAL OAK'S RECEPTION

Of the Liberal Candidates for Both Districts a Most Cordial One.

W. W. B. McInnes Places the Political Issues Clearly Before the Electors.

Stirring Addresses by Mr. Templeman, Dr. Milne and Senator McInnes.

Royal Oak school house was filled last evening with electors from both Victoria and Vancouver Island electoral districts, who attentively listened to addresses from Mr. W. W. B. McInnes, Mr. Templeman, Dr. Milne and Senator McInnes. The meeting was an orderly one throughout, and there were no interruptions with the exception of those offered by Mr. Daniels, who distinguished himself in this capacity at the Colquitz meeting.

Mr. David Stevens, who was voted to the chair, called on Mr. W. W. B. McInnes, the Liberal standard bearer for Vancouver Island district, to address the meeting.

Mr. McInnes' reception was a royal one. He was greeted with loud applause on rising to address the meeting. He referred to the fact that although the committee had issued invitations to both Mr. Haggart and Mr. Haslam to be present and address the electors at his meetings, neither of these gentlemen had availed themselves of this invitation to place their views before the electors. He was not surprised at Mr. Haggart's refusal, for that gentleman frankly admits that politics is not his forte, and that he is not a public speaker, but the electors expected, and rightly expected, that Mr. Haslam, who was their representative at Ottawa for the past three years, should appear before them and give an account of his stewardship. (Hear, hear.) However, as neither of these gentlemen was present, Mr. McInnes extended an invitation to any one who wished to address the meeting on behalf of Mr. Haggart or Mr. Haslam, to take the platform, and he would be given the same time as he would take himself. (Loud applause.)

Mr. McInnes first dealt with the Manitoba school question. After pointing out the important part it plays in the contest—so important that Sir Charles Tupper gave it a good deal of space in his manifesto, and Hon. Mr. Oulmont on the floor of the house had emphatically stated that remedial legislation was a part of the government policy—he clearly placed before the electors a review of the incidents leading to the present difficulty. He showed that the people of Manitoba felt so strongly that their position was right, that they returned the Greenway government by a large majority.

Mr. Daniels—That is a deliberate lie. I know as much about the matter as you do. (Derisive laughter.)

Mr. McInnes—It is so. (Applause.) Even the Catholics of Manitoba were satisfied or why was it necessary for the clergy of that denomination to issue a mandate after mandate—commanding the people to vote against the Greenway government? If the Catholic electors were dissatisfied would they not vote against the government without the influence of these mandates? (Loud applause.) Mr. McInnes described the indecent haste with which the Dominion government had moved to command Manitoba to restore separate schools. A year ago, when the general elections were imminent, the government knew that they had lost the confidence of the people; they knew that the people had not forgotten those scandals which made Canada a byword for corruption; they knew that the electors had become dissatisfied with their protective policy, and with their gross mismanagement, and they made a desperate move to secure the solid Catholic vote of the Dominion. (Hear, hear.) Every subsequent move of the government showed this to be their game. The bill could have been introduced earlier in the session but for the squabbling among the members of the government. At the instigation of Tupper a number of those members had attempted to oust Sir Mackenzie Bowell and place in his stead the Great Stretcher. It required a man of Sir Charles Tupper's undoubted nerve and insensibility to introduce such an outrageous measure into parliament. Mr. McInnes referred to Mr. Laurier's great speech against the second reading. If his (Laurier's) amendment had carried it would forever have removed the question from the arena of politics. (Hear, hear.)

The Greenway government had offered to make a reasonable compromise that should have been accepted by Sir Charles Tupper. (Loud applause.)

Mr. McInnes described Sir Charles Tupper's attempt to coerce the members of the house into passing the bill. If the bill had passed what would be the result? They could never enforce it without resort to arms. (Hear, hear.) If such a course was pursued, Manitoba would not have stood alone in resisting such a measure. (Loud applause.) In his speech Mr. Haslam had grossly misrepresented the views of the electors by stating that he was voicing their views in supporting coercion. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Haslam or any other member in British Columbia who supported the bill and is coming before the electors for endorsement will never receive it. (Loud applause.)

Mr. McInnes also referred to the extraordinary position taken by Mr. Haggart, in this question. Mr. Haggart was a thorough gentleman and an honorable man, but he is much confused in matters of politics. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) If the people of British Columbia did not

come to the assistance of the province of Manitoba they would not deserve the educational privileges they now enjoy. (Loud applause.) Mr. McInnes took an independent stand on this question. He believed in non-sectarian schools. (Applause.) And he would vote against coercion, it mattered not which party was in power. (Renewed applause.) He appealed to those present to stand by the men who would stand by the common school.

Mr. Daniels—Would you do away with separate schools in Ontario and Quebec?

Mr. McInnes—These schools stand in a different position, but if the people there were as determined as the people of Manitoba to get rid of them, he would stand up for provincial rights and allow them to do what they deemed best with reference to their educational system. (Applause.)

Mr. McInnes referred to the Chinese question. He was strongly opposed to the importation of this cheap labor. (Loud applause.) For the first time in his life he had seen that day, while coming down the E. & N. R. R., white men being bossed by a Chinaman.

A Voice—He ought to be killed. (Laughter.)

Mr. McInnes—It's all very well to say so, but they have demolished the labor market so that the white people are compelled to work even under Chinamen. Mr. McInnes, continuing, pointed out that neither Mr. Haggart nor Mr. Haslam had said one word in his address about this question. Although resolution after resolution had been passed by the local legislature asking the Dominion government to raise the head tax, Mr. Haslam had never raised his voice in the house to inquire what became of those resolutions. Mr. Haggart is the nominee of a powerful corporation, which employs Chinese labor whenever possible.

A Voice—Who are they?

Mr. McInnes—If you lived in the vicinity of Nanaimo or Wellington you would know who "they" are. "They" are the Dominion Company. (Laughter.) "They" had their nominees returned to the provincial legislature. Among these was Mr. Joseph Hunter, the most bitter opponent of Chinese exclusion in the house. If Mr. Haggart was returned—a remote possibility—he would be compelled to make a similar stand. The Japanese were not yet such a detriment to the fibering classes, but the proper way was to nip the outrage in the bud and put a check upon their entry. The Dominion government had imposed a head tax of \$50. If they constitutionally imposed \$50, the principle is confirmed, and they could impose \$500. The same question has been thrashed out in Australia, and although the constitutional point was there raised, the people triumphed. (Loud applause.)

Mr. McInnes referred to the scandalous treatment received from the constituency at the hands of the Dominion government. In view of the fact that the people of the province paid three times as much per capita as any other province, we deserved liberal treatment. (Hear, hear.) Throughout the whole constituency there was only one public building, namely the post office at Nanaimo. In Union the customs officer performs his duties in a stable. (Laughter.) Harbors should be improved and lighted, and a life-saving station should be built on the West Coast, in view of the terrible shipwrecks there last winter. The postal service in the islands and throughout Comox and Union is simply wretched. The people are at mercy as far as mail service is concerned. (Hear, hear.) While the Dominion government deals so negligently with the province, they have money to squander on useless public works such as Haggart's ditch. The only reason why British Columbia did not get more was because the representatives sent in the past gave such a staunch support to the government that they were not in a position to secure simple justice for the province. (Hear, hear.) The province required more of independence. (Hear, hear.) The Dominion government had in the past been in the habit of spending money not in the interest of the country, but to secure political advantage. Sir Charles Tupper had promised six railways to Prince Edward Island because they returned an almost solid Liberal contingent, but he (Tupper) believed that British Columbia was willing to take anything. The electors here had been kicked before, and they had no reason to be kicked again. (Laughter.) For this reason Sir Charles thought they deserved nothing but kicks. (Renewed laughter.) If the present government had acted more in the interests of the people as a whole, this province would not be suffering the depression that exists to-day. (Hear, hear.) People had become tired of Tupper's rule, and a change was longed to take place. Many of the speaker's associates were old time Conservatives who had been satisfied to support Sir John Macdonald, but refused to be driven by such a man as Sir Charles Tupper. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Haslam and Mr. Haggart were both honorable men, but it was surprising that they were ready to go back to Ontario and support the most despotic and corrupt government that ever existed in Canada. (Hear, hear.) These two gentlemen were squabbling just as the leaders were squabbling at Ottawa. There was a serious aspect to Mr. Haggart's candidature. He was the nominee of "them." (Laughter.) In the near future legislation would be introduced in the Dominion house that would affect this company, and it was dangerous to return a man who would go to Ottawa to look after their interests. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. McInnes requested the electors to poll a vote for him in election day. He could not do less for them than Mr. Haslam had done. (Hear, hear, and laughter.) At the request of Mr. Daniels, Mr. McInnes referred briefly to the trade question, placing the Liberal policy clearly before the electors. He was brought out by no influences except by a resolution from the general electors. He closed by urging the people to vote against an arrogant, corrupt administration and vote for a purer and nobler one. (Loud applause.)

An opportunity was here given any one to address the meeting in the interest of any one of the other candidates. The audience cried for "Daniels," but that gentleman had not the necessary courage to take the platform. He was satisfied to continue interrupting from his seat. No one else desiring to speak, the chairman called

on Dr. Milne to address the meeting. Dr. G. L. Milne was well received. He referred briefly to the Manitoba school question. He believed in provincial rights and the elimination of religious instruction from the public schools. (Applause.) He strongly denounced the forcing of a manurement by the bishops of Quebec. What was the use of granting the people the franchise if their voice was to be silenced by a few bishops? (Loud applause.) Dr. Milne also referred to the Chinese question and strongly denounced such a condition of affairs as described by Mr. McInnes. While in the local house he had consistently opposed their employment on works which were given public privileges. The only opposition he had offered in connection with the British Pacific was the importation of a large number of Chinese for the building of the road. Col. Prior and Mr. Earle at the meeting in the city stated that they were greater than Mr. Bodwell, as they were directors of the company. If they are directors they must be held responsible for encouraging the application of the company to secure the importation of a large number of Chinese in this province without their paying the \$50 poll-tax. (Hear, hear.) True, they promised to return those Chinamen after the road was built, but the speaker failed to see how they could do this. He also referred to Col. Prior's recommendation bill, showing how it would work an injustice by disfranchising many electors. (Hear, hear.)

At Cedar Hill Col. Prior admitted that he did not know that his bill would disfranchise these electors, and he desired to amend the bill so that it would not. From all he had seen, Dr. Milne firmly believed that Mr. McInnes would be the next representative for Vancouver Island district. (Applause.) And if the electors in this section who voted in Victoria district did their duty he felt sure that Mr. Templeman and himself would be the next members for Victoria. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Templeman was greeted with applause. As he felt indisposed, he would be brief. At Messrs. Prior and Earle's meeting in the A.O.U.W. hall, where the greater portion of the audience were in opposition, and there was but little enthusiasm on the government side, Mr. Earle had spoken of the excellent work done by himself and Col. Prior in parliament. According to Mr. Earle, they had procured everything necessary for their constituency and challenged anyone to point out any requirement which they had neglected to receive for their constituency. Mr. Templeman was surprised at such an astounding challenge coming from one of two members who had secured nothing for their constituency but a postoffice. (Hear, hear.)

Col. Prior had at the same meeting charged him (Mr. Templeman) with advocating the abolition of the free list at the Colquitz meeting. The chairman, Mr. Stevens, who was also chairman of the Colquitz meeting, knew he had done nothing of the kind. (Hear, hear.) He had pointed out that the farmers were protected from 20 to 25 per cent, and the manufacturers anywhere from 35 to 50 per cent, and that he saw no reason why the manufacturers should have more protection than the farmers, that both should be placed on the same footing. But he had said nothing about the free list. All knew that there was a very large free list which would not be diminished if the Liberals were in power. He hoped the Colonist, which always raved him (Templeman) accurate reports (laughter), would set the record right in this matter. Mr. Templeman referred briefly to Col. Prior's recommendation bill. He justified the opposition given by Mr. Martin, as it would not only have disfranchised many electors in the city and districts, but would have created great confusion. He denounced the present franchise law, and closed by urging the electors to fall in line with the rest of the province and the Dominion and vote for the return of Liberal candidates. (Loud applause.)

Senator McInnes was the last speaker. He referred to the outrageous Dominion franchise act, which was passed solely to perpetuate Conservative rule in Canada. Had it passed in the form it was named on the voters' list, it would be able to keep themselves permanently in power, but thanks to the three months' vigorous opposition offered by the Liberals, it was greatly modified. He pointed out its inherent method for registering names by which many were disfranchised, while others who were dead or were otherwise disqualified, had their names on the voters' list. It would be one of the best duties of the Liberal government to repeal the act and return to the provincial lists. The senator dealt with the tariff question, clearing up the Liberal policy and showing the ability of many of the arguments used by paid organs and Conservative speakers to antagonize the farmers against the policy of the Liberal party. Prominent among these falsifiers was the good old Col. Bodwell, who was conducting itself in a most scandalous way during this contest. The inventor of his article was sent in a black and white and white black. (Laughter.)

Mr. Williams charged Mr. Laurier with preaching free trade at his Sanibel meeting. The senator showed what Mr. Laurier did say, and Mr. Jones pointed out to Mr. Williams that if he wished to find out that he was prosperous, he ought to go to the Colonist and Mr. D. K. Ker. (Laughter.) They would convince him that he was prosperous, it made no difference what his pocket told him. (Renewed laughter.)

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chairman, and three rousing cheers for Mr. McInnes, Mr. Templeman and Dr. Milne.

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Leave Victoria at 9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
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White Star Line, Friedland, June 24
Red Star Line, Kensington, July 1
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TIME TABLE NO. 27,
Taking effect June 21st, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of G. F. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 7 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with G. F. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Pender and Moresby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.
Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 9 o'clock, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARBOUR SOUND ROUTE.
Steamer Maudie leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notice.

JOHN IRVING,
General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 26.
To Take Effect at 5:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

Daily	Sunday
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Esquimalt	8:00
Ar. Nanaimo	11:30
Ar. Esquimalt	12:00

GOING SOUTH.

Daily	Sunday
Lv. Esquimalt for Victoria	8:30
Ar. Victoria	12:30

For rates and information apply at the Company's office.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

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For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change. The splendid, new 3,000 tons steel screw steamer Alamo, Thursday, June 26th, at 2 p.m. or immediately on arrival of the English mail ship.

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7 A.M. Lv. SPOKANE, Ar. 5:30 P.M. Commencing January 9th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:00 p.m., making close connection with the steamer, Nelson, for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 8:00 p.m., same date. Returning passengers will leave Kaslo at 8:00 a.m. and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

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THE FACTS STATED.

Fearful of the Coming Crash, the Victoria Branch of the Tupper "Nest of Traitors" Try to Sell One Another.

TORY JUDASES AND THEIR PIECES OF SILVER

Side Lights on the Inner Working of the Conservative Club.

As is now generally known at the bye-election held in the city of Victoria last January, the most corrupt practices were resorted to in the successful endeavor to retain the seat in the government interest. The difficulty the opposition experienced was to procure the necessary proof, which they wished to do to prevent a recurrence of such tactics on the 23rd of June. As might have been expected it occurred to some of Messrs. Prior and Earle's followers that here was the opportunity to make some money by selling the information to one of the opposition workers. Mr. F. G. Richards was accordingly approached, under a solemn pledge of secrecy, and they agreed to furnish him with a list of dead men, absentees, and repeaters, which it was necessary for him to procure in the interest of his party in order to prevent a recurrence of the personating and other corrupt practices above referred to. These two traitors, Tugwell and Warden, agreed upon their price and were paid \$15 on account of the \$50 which for which they stipulated. But they did not furnish the information in accordance with their bargain. In their case the proverb, "Honor among thieves," did not hold good. Like other conspirators, they became suspicious of each other, or quarrelled over the division of the spoils; doubtless one of them informed on the other, so in order to clear themselves it became necessary for both to excuse themselves from the odium of their scheme, or be driven from the ranks of the party which still shelters them. No other reason can be assigned for men being so lost to any sense of shame as to publish in their own organ (this morning's Colonist) a public acknowledgment of their treachery, a double treachery, first to their own party, and second to the man whose money they received. As to Mr. Richards, it seems to us that it is open to him to prosecute these men for a conspiracy to obtain money by false pretences. On their own showing they are either black traitors to their own party, or they deliberately laid a scheme to defraud Mr. Richards out of \$150. It seems to us they are guilty of both of these iniquities.

As to Mr. Richards' part in the transaction, nothing can be charged against him. These men approached him with information to sell, and he treated these corruptionists of Victoria as the London Times and the British government treated the foul conspirators of Phoenix Park. They offered him evidence for money, evidence necessary to protect his party from corrupt practices, and he paid for it. That is all about it.

It is fortunate that the whole matter has come out, for it will be a revelation to the people of Victoria to get such realistic glimpses behind the scenes as to the shameless designs of the Tupperites, and the manner in which the campaign is being conducted. In view of these further startling disclosures revealed in the underwritten statutory declaration of Mr. Richards, it seems impossible to us that any respectable elec-

tor could have any connection with a party which openly countenances these shameless proceedings.

Dominion of Canada, Province of British Columbia, City of Victoria:

I, Francis Gilbert Richards, Junior, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, do solemnly declare:

1. I have read the declarations of Thomas Tugwell and Quentin Dick Hume Warden, printed in the Colonist of this morning.

2. On or about Tuesday, the 12th day of May, 1896, I met the said Thomas Tugwell on Government street, Victoria, and we began discussing the political situation, he being a canvasser for Messrs. Prior and Earle. In reply to my question as to how his canvass was progressing he said: "We admit that Mr. Earle has got no chance at all, and in my personal canvass I find he is losing ground every day. As to Col. Prior, we think we may possibly elect him, but we realize it is going to be a very hard struggle to do so." I said that if it had not been for the repeaters, dead men and absentees, and the votes you bought last election, Prior would not have been elected. I said I would like to know how many repeaters, absentees and dead men were on their list. He said he didn't know how many there were, but he could find out. He then went on to say that though formerly he had devoted his time and money to the opposition party he had never received anything in return, but his present means did not permit him to do so longer and anything he did would have to be paid for. He then asked me when he could see me in private, and asked if I would meet him the next day at half-past one at the Bodega saloon.

3. I was unable to keep this appointment, so the next evening I called at his house to explain, but found he had gone to the Conservative club.

4. I saw him on the street next morning, and he made an appointment to meet me at half-past eleven at the Bodega saloon. He referred to the subject of repeaters and absentees and said he could get a full list of them, but there would have to be a consideration for so doing. He did say, as stated in paragraph four of his declaration, that if he did so he would be "acting as a traitor," but added: "A man has got to look after his own interests; I am a married man with a family." I replied that I did not expect him to work for me for nothing, and asked him what consideration he would expect. He answered: "It's just this way, 'If the government party is elected I have the promise of Col. Prior that he will get me a position, but my opinion is that the party is not going to be returned to power, and I have got to look out for myself." He then went on to say that he would have to employ Warden, the secretary of the Conservative club, to get the list of repeaters and absentees, as Warden was in a position to obtain it, but Warden would have to be paid. I asked him how much; he said he did not know, but would find out and let me know. He then wanted a guarantee that any promise I made to him would be carried out and wished to obtain a written guarantee from Messrs. Templeman and Milne to that effect. I told him that under the circumstances, when I was buying needed political information, such a request was unreasonable. He replied that if Mr. Templeman would endorse my promise that would be satisfactory to him, and he asked me to speak to Mr. Templeman, as he wished to see him.

5. I did not meet Tugwell again until Saturday, the 23rd of May, when he said he had been wanting to see me, and asked me to meet him the next afternoon at the Adelphi saloon at 3 o'clock.

6. The sixth paragraph of Tugwell's affidavit is true in substance and in fact I did meet him as he states, and in reply to his question as to what information I wished, I told him to get the list of dead and absentee voters and repeaters, and promised to pay for it. The only hitch was the price. He wanted \$150, and I said the information was not worth it. He replied he would try and get it for less. We then parted.

7. The eighth paragraph of the affidavit of Tugwell is true in substance and in fact. He did agree to procure the information for \$50 instead of \$150; the first asked, and I did give him the sum

of \$5 as evidence of good faith, but refused to pay him in advance as he wished.

8. When I got home to supper on the evening of Monday, the 8th inst., I found that Tugwell had been there and left a note asking me to meet him at 7 o'clock that evening at the Adelphi saloon. I went, but Mr. Tugwell not coming on time, I left.

9. It is true as Tugwell states in the 10th paragraph of his declaration that he arranged a meeting between Warden and myself, and at Tugwell's request I met Warden at the Adelphi saloon on the day and at the time he mentions.

10. I did have the conversation with Warden which he details in substance in the 6th paragraph of his affidavit, and as he says he did ask me for money. In making the request he said that the Conservative club owed him about a hundred dollars in arrears, and that he had only that morning asked Mr. A. S. Potts, who is secretary of the Conservative Association, for ten dollars, as he was urgently in need of it, but could not get it, and went on to say that they were the worst crowd he ever had anything to do with and he could not get his money out of Potts; that when he asked for it he would have to wait for it, and probably all Potts would give him would be two dollars and a half. Instead of what was coming to him, he said he had not got a cent and Potts would not give him the two dollars, and asked me to let him have the amount, and, as he states, I did promise to let him have that sum and did leave the money for him at the New York hotel with Mr. Johnson, as requested by him.

11. He was particular to explain to me that he did not like selling the information, but, to use his own words, "They are such a damn mean crowd and have not treated me anyway decent; if they had I would not do anything like this."

12. Said Warden promised to have the required list of repeaters, dead men and absentees ready and handed to me not later than Tuesday next, but I have not received the same, nor have the fifteen dollars I paid them on account of the promised fifty dollars been returned to me.

13. The said Tugwell tried to arrange that my meeting with Warden should take place in the Conservative club rooms at 3 o'clock in the morning, when they would show me the books, but I refused to agree to this proposition.

14. All through the negotiations both Tugwell and Warden pledged me to secrecy, alleging as a reason that they would be ruined if the matter became public. Tugwell assured me of Warden's absolute compliance with his wishes, because he alleged he had Warden in his power owing to some irregularities of Warden in regard to a bank cheque.

15. I was careful to explain both to Tugwell and Warden that I wished to obtain information in order to prevent a repetition of the fraudulent and corrupt practices by which Mr. Templeman was defeated at the last election by Colonel Prior.

16. Neither Mr. Templeman nor Dr. Milne had any knowledge of these conferences with Tugwell and Warden. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the Canada Evidence Act, 1893.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.
Declared at the city of Victoria, this 11th day of June, 1896, before me,
THORNTON FELL,
Notary Public.

The courts of Louisiana have decided that prize fighting is a "domestic industry." How about raising hares? Quisly—Why is it that they don't want to give a woman a saloon license. Risly—Because she won't shut up at 1 o'clock.

ROYAL Baking Powder
has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

The passion for abbreviation finds an extreme illustration in the Boston Advertiser which says that certain prominent persons "have been in Wash. for several days."

"We keep the newest shapes in ladies' and gents' fine shoes. Gilmore & McCanness."

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia and too hearty eating is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.



AYER'S Hair Vigor
Restores natural color to the hair, and also prevents it falling out. Mrs. H. W. Fenwick, of Digby, N. S., says: "A little more than two years ago my hair began to turn gray and fall out. After the use of one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was restored to its original color and ceased falling out. An occasional application has since kept the hair in good condition."—Mrs. H. F. Fenwick, Digby, N. S.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for three years, and it has restored hair, which was fast becoming gray, back to its natural color."—H. W. HASELROFF, Paterson, N. J.

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AYER'S PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LOWELL, MASS.

Look at This



Fine Sterling Silver Blouse Sets, 75c. a Set.
Fine Sterling Silver Cuff Links, 50c. a Pair.
Sterling Silver Thimbles, 25c. Each.

Davidson Bros.

Jewellers, 59 Government Street.

THE VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE.

SHARE LIST.

Thursday June 11, 1896.

Name of Stock.	Asked.	Bid.
B.C. deb. 1874, red. 1875.	100.00	99.00
" 1877, " 1877.	100.00	99.00
B.C. in alt. 1904-5, red. 1901.	100.00	99.00
Bank of British Columbia.	100.00	99.00
Bank of Montreal.	100.00	99.00
R.C. Corporation Ltd.	100.00	99.00
R.C. Land & L. Agency.	100.00	99.00
Gr. West Life Assurance Co.	100.00	99.00
R.C. Bk. of Trade 1902.	100.00	99.00
Canadian Pacific Nav. & C.	100.00	99.00
Vic. Phoenix Brewing Co.	100.00	99.00
Jeune, Gold M. Co., cap.	100.00	99.00
O. C. Gold M. Co., cap.	100.00	99.00
St. Kimo Gold M. Co., cap.	100.00	99.00
B. C. Gold M. Co., cap.	100.00	99.00
Carlson M. & S. Co.	100.00	99.00
Don Mack G. M. Co.	100.00	99.00
War Eagle G. M. Co.	100.00	99.00

The London quotations of B. C. debentures, July, 1907 are, 128, 126; B. C. debentures, July, 1917, 118, 121 and B. C. inscribed stock 1911, 163, 164.

DOMINION ELECTIONS.

A meeting of
ALL COMMITTEES

Will be held at the CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, Balmoral Block, Douglas Street, on

Thursday Evening.

A full attendance is requested.

Dominion Election.

The public meeting advertised for Wednesday evening at the A.O.U.W. Hall has been

POSTPONED

UNTIL

Wednesday Evening, 17th inst.,

at the same place and hour.

Messrs. Templeman and Milne will address a joint meeting with Mr. McInnes at the Royal Oak to-morrow, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

H. R. H.

The Prince of Wales is said to know a first class article when he sees it. This is the reason he smokes Royal Beauty Cigarettes. They are the best made. Sold by

E. A. Morris, Colonist Block, Government Street.

TRY BEFORE YOU TRUST.



Though you'll appreciate Ram Lal Tea before you taste it. Our last big shipment is all sold and gave such great satisfaction that it ensures the quick sale of another consignment just in. Put up in one pound package. Try a pound.

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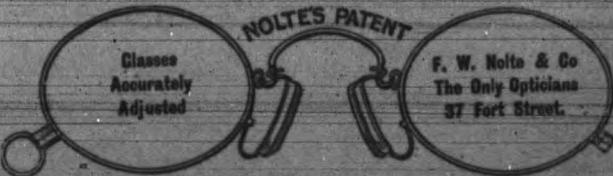
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Sweetest Cakes.

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The Only Opticians
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LUNCHEON from 11:30 a.m. until 2 p.m., 25 CENTS.

DINNER from 5 p.m., until 8 p.m., 50 CENTS.

Short Orders of all kinds at Popular Prices.

Our Family Dining Room is the best in the city. Luncheons of all kinds put up for tourists and sportsmen, at the shortest notice.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

WM. CROFT, Proprietor.

There are Moments . .

When one wants to be alone. One of them is when you have bought a suit of clothes without first looking over my stock and and getting my prices. Only people who would be well dressed in tailor-made clothing need come here.

J. W. Creighton,

No. 20 Government Street.

Men Wanted.

Twenty-Five Men are wanted immediately to work by the hour at Beaver Lake. Board optional.
WALKIN, KING & CASEY.